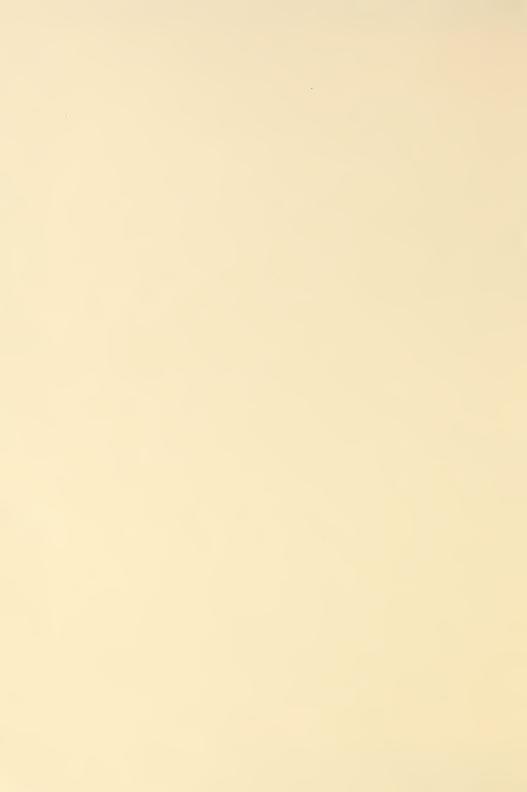
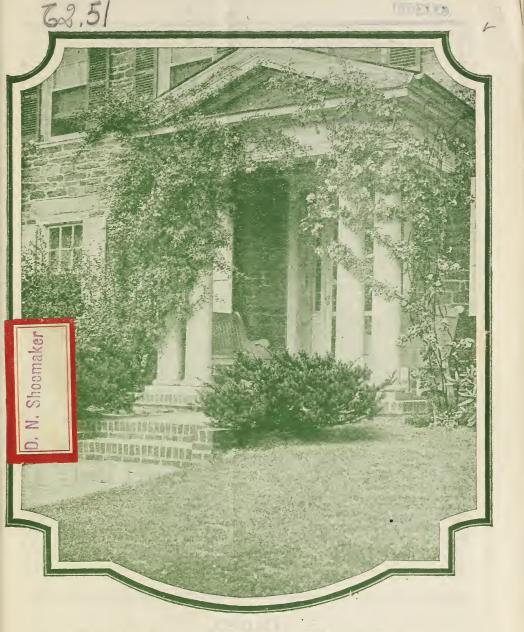
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SEWARD NURSERY SEED and FLORAL CO.

Formerly North Bend Nurseries

Seward, Nebraska

1927 Catalog

D. N. Shoemaker

INSTRUCTIONS TO PLANTERS

Guarantee—We exercise the utmost care to have our stock, seeds and plants true to variety and carefully labeled. If any such items should prove untrue to name, we replace free or refund the purchase price, but no case will we be responsible for any sum greater than the cost of the original articles which prove untrue.

Any Woody Nursery Stock that fails to grow the first year we replace at one-half price.

Seed Stock Guarantee—Practically no seed germinates 100% but all our seed has passed a satisfactory germination test in our laboratory. We, however, urge you to immediately test any and all seed received from us and if it does not germinate satisfactorily, return it within 10 days, and the entire purchase price will be refunded. We assume no responsibility further than the above mentioned. We have yet to see a catalog containing any stronger seed guarantee. taining any stronger seed guarantee.

Varieties-When varieties become exhausted we reserve the right to substitute others of the same class and value or of larger size, except when orders are marked "No substitution."

Prices for 6 at a dozen rate, 5 at 10 rate, 50 at 100 rate, 500 at 1,000 rate.

-Any bank in Seward County. References-Freight and Express Charges can be paid at destination, as our guarantee is accepted by railroad and express companies. Small bales of 50 pounds or less go as cheap by express as by freight. We ship by express unless otherwise instructed.

Terms—Cash with order. If we are unable fill your order money will be refunded to fill promptly.

Discounts-We have no agents unless some of our regular customers care to assemble orders on our regular discounts. We are glad to have them do it. You may be an

We give the agents commission to our customer depending on the size of the order. We give 5% on an order of \$10.00 or more; 10% on orders of \$50.00 or more; 12½% on orders of \$100.00 or more; 15% on orders of \$300.00 or more; 20% on orders of \$500.00 or more.

These discounts apply only on Nursery tock, vegetable and flower seeds or plants. Stock, vegetable and Other items are net.

Healing In and Planting—Complete instructions for healing in, pruning, planting and general care of nursery stock will beforwarded to you before your order is ship-

QUALITY

We believe that quality of nursery and seed stock is determined by the ability and integrity of the nursery or seed dealer furnishing it.

We endeavor to supply you with the highest quality nursery stock it is possible to produce or purchase. We do not have a monopoly on all of the good nursery and seed stock, but we do insist that all of our stock measures up to a high standard.

This is a day of specialization, and we firmly believe that it is a large sized job for a man to keep posted and progress in one line only, and for that reason we are restricting our efforts to that of Agricultural and Horticultural products. Therefore we restricting our elloris to that of Agricultural and Horticultural products. Therefore we have kept out of the sidelines that so often go with the seed and nursery business. We believe that our concentration on these things will insure you better quality merchandise for just a little less. We claim our constitute to be as good as the best. quality to be as good as the best.

In selecting shrubs and trees, do not make the mistake so often made, of selecting too small a size. We feel sure that the larger sizes in our catalog actually will be more value for your money because in most cases they have been pruned and transplanted, making a better shaped plant than the very small size will when see in the permanent small size will when set in the permanent location. However, our smaller size will be old enough to give satisfaction with proper care.

Parcel Post

Nursery stock and seeds are charged the same rate as merchandise.

Packages of 50 pounds or less may be shipped by parcel post, but they must not be more than seven feet in length and circumference. Nursery stocks and items not listed prepaid, the exact amount of postage will be charged. All vegetable seeds are priced parcel post prepaid, except as noted. cept as noted.

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Please Stop Here a Moment for a Short Visit With Me

'D LIKE to meet everyone who sends for our catalog. I'd like to take them around over our various plots at growing time so that they could see for themselves how carefully everything is handled. But, of course, that's not feasible, so the next best thing is to hope you will read this page, which I look upon, as my personal message to you and the many friends who have stood by me since

I took this nursery over.

You will remember that Mr. J. W. Stevenson started this business forty-four years ago and operated it himself as the North Bend Nurseries until 1923, when I took it over. I knew Mr. Stevenson well and I am trying to give my patrons the same honest quality at fair prices, just as he did. In fact, I'd like to have you feel that it is still the same old faithful house it always has been and I am ready to stand back of any transaction you have ever had with the old North Bend Nurseries just the same as I do for the Seward Nurserv.

I'm not much to blow my own horn, but there are several things I'd like to have you know. I'm so anxious to please you and be of every possible assistance in helping you get your money's worth out of what you buy from us.

I was raised on the farm and have never been entirely away from it. Like many farm boys I went to Agricultural College, graduating from the University of Nebraska in 1916 with a Degree in Agriculture. I spent two seasons in the U.S. Forestry Service after which I was appointed County Agricultural Agent here in my home county where I served three years before taking over this nursery. I tell you this only to show you that I am properly equipped by experience to help you get results from the seeds or stock you buy from us.

There are a good many new items in our catalog this year that will interest you.

I want to call your particular attention to the Golden Winesap Apple. Read what we have said about it. Then, there is a wonderful new Daisy—the Hartje and Elder Daisy, Lodense Privet, several new Cannas and Gladioli and several new Flower Seed varieties.

We'd like to have you make comparisons of our prices with others on Ornamental and Fruit Nursery Stock, both mail-order

and large sizes.



HARRY RIGDON Manager Seward Nurseries

Now, a few words about the text in the catalog. We've tried to make each description cover all you'd want to knowwhen to plant for best results-any particular peculiarities of the variety described and how much to buy for planting certain sized spaces.

But we hope you will write us fully if there is anything at all you wish to know about planting or growing.

You realize of course that it is important to order early. If we can fill orders before the rush we can give you better stock and better service. But the selections this year run very uniform and even the late buyers will be delighted with what we send them.

Please remember that we are most anxious that you get everything you expect from us. We know that good stock delivered to you will advertise us among your friends. We also know that unless we satisfy you entirely we cannot hope for your future orders.

> HARRY RIGDON, Manager, Seward Nurseries, 1927.

Founded by J. W. Stevenson, 1883.

Ornamental Shrubs

10 for the price of 9

WE believe that there is no house so poor and unpretentious that it cannot be made to look cheery and home-like by the planting about it of trees, shrubs and vines, and no house so magnificent that it does not need the softening touch of flowers about it. A little ornamental planting of dependable nursery stock changes a house into a home. Flowers, flowering plants, and shrubs, and ornamental nursery items have come to fill a place in our lives co-ordinate with the good music, good literature, and good pictures. All of these have an undeniable influence upon character building. Surely a few dollars is not too much to invest in something that will not only give pleasure but will make living more complete. Think it over!



Japanese Barberry

Almond, Double Flowering—Pink or White A branching shrub two to four feet, with broad, lanceolate, bright green leaves. Native of China and Japan. Flowers double, rose color and borne in great profusion in early spring. One of the first shrubs to flower. One of the best flowering shrubs and highly recommended. M, 50c; L, \$1.00.

Butterfly Bush, or Summer Lliac—One of the most desirable summer flowering shrubs, beginning to bloom in July, it continues until cut by severe frost. The flowers are a pleasing shade of violet-mauve, and are borne in dense cylindrical spikes, which under liberal cultivation, are from 12 to 15 inches in length by 3 inches in diameter; it succeeds everywhere and flowers freely the first season planted. Needs protection in winter. Strong plants. M. 40c.

Barberry Thunbergi—A valuable little strub that fits in almost every planting. Grows about everywhere, handsome foliage of bright green, oval leaves that turn to brilliant shades of orange and red in the fall. Slender, graceful branches protected by thorns, are lined with little scarlet berries from early autumn well into winter. Very valuable for a low hedge. M. 25c; L. 75c.

New Red-Leaved Japanese Barberry—It is only once in a lifetime that a really worth-

while, outstanding novelty in hardy shrubs is introduced, and in this new Barberry we have such a plant. It is similar to the green-leaved Japanese Barberry, but the foliage of this new variety is of a rich, lustrous, bronzy red, similar to the richest red-leaved Japanese Maples. This new barberry becomes more brilliant and gorgeous throughout the summer, and in the fall its foliage changes to vivid orange scarlet and red shades. In this coloring it is unequaled by any other shrub and is followed by the same brilliant scarlet berries common to the type which remain on the plant the entire winter. Plant in full exposure to the sun. Limited number. M, \$1.00; L, \$2.00.

Caranga, Siberian Pea Tree (C. Arboreseens) —A shrub or low tree with peashaped yellow flowers; hardy and useful for massing. M, 25c; L, 65c.

Cornus, Siberlan (Dogwood)—The shrubby dogwoods are mainly valuable for the brilliancy of their barks and berries and the handsome variegations of their foliage. All varieties do well in the shade. M, 35c; L, 75c.

Deutzia (Pride of Rochester)—Valuable shrubs having a dainty bell or tassel-shaped flower borne thickly in wreaths along their branches in May. Useful in landscape work for massing. M, 25c; L, 75c.

M=Mail Order Size.

L=Landscape Size.

Honeysuckle (Tartarian or Upright)—A tall growing bush attaining 8 to 10 feet if left unpruned. Very bright in the early spring with its pink and red flowers and resplendent in the fall with orange and red berries. Makes a nice hedge if kept pruned. M, 30c; L, 75c.

Hydrangea (Paniculata Grandiflora)—This panicled, hardy flower is familiar to almost everyone, as the most conspicuous shrub in any collection during August and September. The massive plumes of white flowers bend the branches with their weight, changing finally to pink and bronzy green. Very attractive; also in tree form, making a well branched tree 6 to 8 feet tall, producing many large panicles of flowers. M, 50c; L, \$1.00

Hydrangea, Hills of Snow—A vigorous shrub, with large clusters of white flowers, similar to Snowball, but larger, from June to August. Very showy in large groups. M, 50; L, \$1.00.

Japan Quince—Very early in the spring this fine old shrub is completely covered with dazzling scarlet flowers, followed by small quince-shaped fruits which are quite fragrant. Growth bushy with protecting thorns. Suitable for hedges. M, 35c; L, \$1.00.

Lilac C. Persian Purple—Dwarf growing, with slender branches and narrow leaves. M. 45c; L. 80c. Persian White—L. \$1.00.

Lllac Rothomagensis (Rouen Lilac) — A strong growing bush, from 10 to 12 feet high, with extra large flowers of reddish purple color. Probably one of the very best of the Illacs, does well here. Good for bouquets. M, 45c; L, \$1.00.

Lilac Villosa—A stout bushy shrub. Rich, bright green foliage, buds light purple, opens light purple bordering on white. Very rare and desirable. June bloomer. L, \$1.00.

Amoor River Privet—Grows 3-4 ft. Very hardy. Foliage glossy green and holds color well into the winter. Blooms white flowers in profusion in early spring. Makes a splendid hedge. Will stand any amount of trimming or shearing. M, 25c; L, 75c.

Lodense Privet—Grows 2-3 ft. Very hardy. Similar to Amoor River Privet except smaller and more compact. This is a wonderful new dwarf bush. Has white flowers in spring. Fine for dwarf hedge. M, 25c; L, 75c.

Red Indian Currant—Similar to the Snowberry except that its fruits are red, and that the small red berries cluster in thick ropes, along the weighed-down stems. M, 25c; L, 60c.

Snowball—One of the choicest hardy shrubs with a healthy dark foliage; the perfect balls of pure white flowers are borne in great profusion in May. L, 90c.

Snowberry (White)—Small white or pinkish flowers, succeeded by abundant white berries that last a long while in the late fall and early winter. Three to five feet. Highly valued for use in densely shaded situations where little else will grow. M, 25c; L, 75c.

Spirea (Anthony Waterer)—Dwarf, bushy, spreading type, with large corymbs brilliantly colored in rosy crimson. Very free flowering, at its best in late summer. This is practically the only good showy red flowered shrub sufficiently dwarf to be used in foundation plantings or the low front row of group plantings. M, 35c; L, 75c.

Spirea (Van Houttei)—The grandest and best known of all the spireas and one of the



Hydrangea

best of all shrubs. A complete fountain of pure white bloom in May and June. The foliage and bush shape is attractively ornamental the year round. Extremely hardy. M, 30c; L, 75c.

Spirea (Billardi)—A narrow, dense shrub, 6 feet high, with dense panicles of rich pink flowers from July on. M, 25c; L, 75c.

Spirea (Thunbergi)—Forms a dense, fluffy bush, 3 to 5 feet high. The foliage is a peculiar but pleasing shade of yellowish-green, changing in autumn to bright red and orange. Flowers pure white, borne in feathery masses in spring. M, 35c; L, 85c.

Spirea Callosa Froebela—A strong growing shrub, somewhat similar to Anthony Waterer, but grows a trifle taller, with broader leaves. The flowers are more rose pink. Blooms from June until fall. The tips of the leaves are reddish purple, making the bush much more attractive than Anthony Waterer. Perfectly hardy here. M. 25c; L, 75c.

Spirea Opulifolia Aurea—A strong growing shrub bearing a great array of white flowers in clusters along the branches followed by brightly colored seed pods that are very showy. Has foliage of light yellow color. Adds a brilliant touch of color in shrub groups. M. 30c; L. 75c.

Spirea Prunifolia (The real Bridal Wreath)
—Among the earliest of the double spireas
and very showy. It is very graceful and
plume like in effect, the branches being covered thickly, almost their whole length, with
small double, white flowers and sweeping
outward in gentle curves. M, 30c; L, 75c.

Syringa or Mock Orange—The Philadelphus is one of the best and most popular old shrubs, the taller growing sorts largely used for hedges. The flowers are very profuse, similar to orange blossoms, white with a creamy tinge imparted by the golden stamens. M. 25c; L. 75c.

similar to orange blossoms, white with a creamy tinge imparted by the golden stamens. M, 25c: L, 75c.

Tamarlx—The Tamarlsks are hardy shrubs of strong but slender upright growth. Their foliage is as light and feathery as Asparagus and they are valuable for hedges as well as ornamental purposes. M, 25c; L, 75c.

Weigella Rosea—These shrubs are of erect habit while young but gradually spread and droop as they acquire age; flowers are large and trumpet shaped of various shades and colors. Very effective for grouping and borders. M, 30c; L, 75c.

Hedges

HEDGING— Spirea Van Houttel, 12 to 18 inches... 100\$1.50 \$13.00

M=Mail Order Size. L=Landscape Size.

THUNBERG'S BARBERRY-12 to 18 inches... 12.00

13.50

RUSSIAN OLIVE-See Seedlings.

MULBERRY-RUSSIAN-See Seedlings.

LODENSE PRIVET-Dwarf compact,

9 to 12 inches..... 3.00 26 00

Herbaceous Plants and Bulbs

Bulbs for Spring Planting



DAHLIAS

Most folks do not realize the wonderful show of gorgeous flowers obtained from Dah-lias. The varieties we have listed below represent a group of exceedingly beautiful and entirely satisfactory Dahlias. These are choice colors of large flowering-size. Try an assortment and be convinced. \$1.35 per 10. Choice red.

Choice pink. Choice yellow.

Choice lavender. Mixed, 10c each; 90c per 10.

CANNAS-10 for Price of 9

CANNAS—10 for Price of 9

This group of bulb plants has made some wonderful strides in development. The old, small-flowered type is fast disappearing. We have discontinued them entirely, and have selected a group of wonderful Cannas. Please do not confuse these with cheaper priced bulbs. Buy a few of the choice varieties and they will multiply for you.

Hungaria—The best pink canna. Leaves bluish green. Flowers very large with immense petals. 3½ ft. high. 20c each.

King Humbert—Scarlet flowers, bronze leaves; greatest favorite today. Has handsome broad tropical foliage. 4 ft. high. 15c each.

Callfornia—Flowers a deep rich yellow, softly spotted and blotched with bright red, measure 5 to 7 inches across. Foliage very dark green. 4 ft. high. 20c each.
Koch—Flowers a very fiery crimson red.
Has rich deep green foliage. Height, 3 ft.

15c each.

SPECIAL TRIAL OFFER

One of each Large Healthy Treated Bulbs All 15 carefully labeled, for \$1.00 postpaid.

All Gladioli Prices Postpald

GLADIOLI

Glads are America's pride. In the various varieties are represented as wide a diversity of colors, shades and hues, as is found in any one group of plants. They represent the most delicate shade to the most fiery

Gollath—Pansy purple somewhat lighter in throat. Blooms early. Each, 10c; per ten, 90c

Orange Prince—Beautiful orange, slightly tinted deeper orange. Tall straight spikes with many flowers open at one time. Early bloomer. Each, 10c; per ten, 90c.

Helen Franklin—One of the most beautiful whites. Ruffled flowers. Pure white with purple featherings. Early bloomer. Each, 5c; per ten, 45c.

War—Deep. bloodered, shedd origins one

bc; per ten, 45c.
War—Deep blood-red, shaded crimsonblack. Late bloomer. Each, 10c; per 10, 90c.
Negerfurst—Buds nearly black, opens into
blooms of dark velvet red. 17 to 19 flowers
per spike. Midsummer bloomer. Each, 25c.
Chicago White—White, lavender markings
in throat. Early bloomer. Each, 5c; per 10,

45c

45c.
Gen. Joffre—Scarlet red, slightly mottled deeper scarlet. Spikes strong and straight. Blooms earlier than "War." Early bloomer. Each, 10c; per 10, 90c.
Golden Measure—Pure yellow, self-color. Flowers are large and well arranged. Many blooms open at one time. Blooms late. Each, 15c; per 10, \$1.35.
Marshal Foch—Outer petals geranium pink, shaded pale pink at throat, scarlet blotch on lower petals. Late bloomer. Each, 5c; per 10, 45c.

10, 45c.

Francis King-Brilliant vermillion-scarlet.

Very popular and effective. Large size. Blooms late. Each, 5c; per 10, 45c. America—Pale pink, with small rose colored blotch. Blooms late. Each, 5c; per 10,

Wilbrink—One of the earliest gladioli. Pale livid pink, upper petals tinted slightly darker. Many flowers open at one time. Each, 5c; per 10, 45c.

Halley—Light geranium pink, nearly a strawberry pink. One of the earliest. Large flowers. Each, 5c; per 10, 45c.

Panama—An improved America; largest and most notable spike of bloom among all pink sorts. Each, 5c; per 10, 45c.

Autumn Queen—Light yellow with red blotch in throat. Late flowering. Each, 5c; per 10, 45c.

Tuberoses—Long spikes of pure white flowers. Each, 15c; per ten, \$1.35.

HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS AND PEONIES

The term "hardy perennials" applies to plants whose tops die each winter, but whose roots live over and grow again in the spring.

Our large stock of perennial plants are selected with the view of giving you flowers from early spring to late fall.

Please note that we are listing many more of these plants than any year before. We have spared no expense in producing these, and are accordingly offering plants of qual-

ity second to none.

These are being wintered in the ground outside, thus insuring hardy plants. Order

these early.

All prices prepaid. 10 for the price of 9. Achillea (Pearl)—Flowers as large as a silver dime, very double, pure white, continuous bloomer. Height 12 to 15 inches. Each, 20c.

Anthemus—A hardy daisy-like plant with bright yellow flowers that is showy in the border and good for cut flowers. It does well on poor soil. Flowers most of the summer if not allowed to seed. Height 15 to 24 inches. Each, 20c.

Aquilegia-Grandiflora (Columbine) — Slender-stemmed flower in beautiful blue color. Midsummer bloomer. Height 18 to 24 inches.

Each, 20c.

Each, 20c.

Baptisia (False Indigo)—Blue pea-shaped flower, much resembling lupine. Foliage ornamental all summer. Quite tall. Each, 20c.

Bleeding Heart—Beautiful heart-shaped flowers that appear in the spring. Height 15 to 20 inches. Each, 75c.

Boltonia—Aster-like white flowers, blooms in the fall. Height 3 to 4 ft. Each, 15c.

Campanula (Canterbury Bells)—This is a wonderful garden flower producing long upright spikes of bell-shaped flowers. Separate colors. Height 2 to 3 ft. Each, 20c. Single—Pink, white or blue.

Cup and Saucer—Medium pink or blue.

Double—Pink, blue.

Be sure and designate kind and color.

Coreopsis—Produces a profusion of bright

Coreopsis—Produces a profusion of bright golden yellow, daisy-like flowers the entire season. Height, 18 to 24 inches. Each, 15c.

DAISIES

Hartje and Elder-White daisy. Hartje and Elder—White daisy. This is the latest creation in a hardy daisy and is certainly a wonder. It produces daisies as large as carnations on stems up to 18 inches. It is absolutely winter hardy, and when once established will never fail to bloom for Decration Day. Every plant will cut \$1.00 worth of flowers by June 1st. Our Hartje and Elders last year wintered 100% without protection, then bloomed 17 flowers per plant for Decoration Day. While our stock lasts, 35c each 3 for \$1.00

protection, then bloomed 17 flowers per plant for Decoration Day. While our stock lasts, 35c each, 3 for \$1.00.

Rigdon's Royal—This is a new daisy of our own origin. It is a spring blooming daisy having a flower nearly as large as a Shasta. It is completely covered with flowers by Decoration Day. It is exceptionally hardy, withstanding both summer drought and winter cold. Height 12 to 18 inches. Fach 25c.

Each, 25c.

Shasta—Continuous bloomer, needs winter protection. Each, 20c.

Michaelmas (Hardy Asters)—Assorted colors. Height 2 to 3 ft. Each, 20c.

Ors. Height 2 to 3 ft. Each, 20c.

Delphinium (Hardy Larkspur)—This is one of the most beautiful blue flowers that we know. It is splendid for cut flowers, and very hardy. Height 2 to 4 ft. Dark blue, light blue and white. Be sure to designate color wanted. Each, 20c.



Hartje and Elder Daisies

Dianthus (Clove Pink)—Pink, purplish and white fragrant flowers on long spikes. Fine for borders or rock gardens. Blooms continuously if flowers are kept cut. Height Each, 20c. 18 inches.

Dianthus (Sweet William)-Fine plant which produces great masses of bloom of ex-tremely rich and varied colors. Blooms late in May until last of June. Height 12 to 18 inches. Each, 15c.

(Foxglove)-Very picturesque when in masses in the garden among shrubs. Blooms in June and July. White or pink. Height 2 to 3 feet. Each, 20c.

Hardy Ferns—The cultivation of hardy ferns is remarkably simple. All they want is a light, open soil. Anyone commencing with a few specimens will soon be induced to go on collecting until he has made a feature both interesting to himself and also to all who see them. Each, 20c.

Gaillardia—We consider the Gaillardia one of the most desirable hardy plants in cultivation. Blooms from June until November. Very brilliant golden bronze. Height, 12 to 18 inches. Each, 15c.

Golden-Glow—Easily grown, yellow chrysan-themum-like flowers. Blooms all summer. Height 4 to 5 feet. Each, 20c.

Gypsophylia (Baby Breath)—Very branching or spreading plants. Desirable where a mass of delicate misty bloom will fill a bare place. Excellent for cutting. White. Height 2 to 3 feet. Each, 20c.

Hellopsis (Hardy Zinnia)—Very beautiful golden-yellow flowering perennial. Blooms in July and August. Height 3 feet. Each,

Hollyhocks—The hollyhock is an old garden favorite, very beautiful and stately. Assorted colors. Height 4 to 5 feet. Each, 15c.



Iris—The following colors: Purple, white, Siberian blue, large sky blue, canary yellow. Be sure to designate color wanted. Each,

long spikes of pea-shaped flowers a foot long on stems 3 feet high. They are perfectly hardy, but cannot endure drought. Each, 20c.

Lathyrus (Hardy Sweet-Peas)—The flowers of this variety of sweet peas resemble those of the ordinary sweet pea except the stems are longer, and more flowers grow in a cluster. Wonderful for cut flowers. White, pink or red Fach 150 pink or red. Each, 15c.

Oriental Poppy—Scarlet cup-shaped blooms with large purplish blotches at the base of the petals. Blooms in May and June. Height 2 to 3 feet. Each, 25c.

Physalis Francheti (Lantern Plant)—Forms a dense bush about 2 feet tall, producing numerous orange-scarlet Chinese lantern-like husks, enclosing round red fruit. Can be cut and dried for winter bouquets. Very novel and attractive. Each, 20c.

Peonies—Choice unnamed varieties, pink and white. Each, 50c.

Unnamed Red-Each, 75c.

Queen Victoria-Pure white, early. Each,

65c.

Festiva Maxima—Early, pure white with red flecks on the petals. Blooms for Decoration Day. Each, 65c.

Felix Crousse—Brilliant ruby red, medium late. Each, \$1.00. Grandiflora Rosea-Medium early crim-

son, prolific bloomer. Each, 75c. Karl Rosenfield—Gorgeous early red. The best and most beautiful peony we have in the nursery. Each, \$1.75.

Phlox—Mixed colors. Each, 20c.
Athis—Salmon pink. Each, 25c.
Mrs. Jenkins—White. Each, 25c.
R. P. Struthers—Showy rosy carmine

with claret eye. Each, 25c.

Sunset-Dark rosy red. Each, 25c. Thor—Largest salmon pink, with scarlet glow. Each, 25c.

Salvia (Hardy Blue)-Grows about a foot high and blooms in midsummer. Each, 20c. Stokesia—This plant grows from 18 to 24 inches high, bearing freely from early July

to late in October, its handsome lavender-blue flowers resemble centaurea. Each, 20c. Statice Latifolia—Purplish blue minute flowers. Blooms from July to September. These if cut and dried last in good condition for months. Height 1 to 2 feet. Each, 20c. Tritoma (Red Hot Poker)—This plant has great spikes of rich orange scarlet flowers protruding from a broad circle of green leaves, which produce a grand effect either singly or in masses. Height 3 to 4 feet. Blooms from July to September. Each, 20c. Yucca Filmentosa—Its broad. sword-like evergreen foliage and immense branching spikes of drooping, creany white flowers, rising to a height of 6 feet, render it a bold and handsome subject wherever placed. Each, 20c.

'Mother's Garden Collection"

12 Perennials for \$1.50, prepaid
For those who like the old fashioned flowers that come up every year, but who are
not familiar with various varieties, we have
made up a collection of 12 plants which will
give you flowers all summer. All of these
plants are particularly hardy and will come
from the roots each year. We cannot make
up definite orders of special plants but reserve the right of our own choice. This collection will probably include Columbine,
Coreopsis, Delphinium, Boltonia, Hardy Carnations, and Phlox, two plants of each variety. These are all thrifty plants, carefully
labeled and well packed and sent prepaid,
all for \$1.50. 12 Perennials for \$1.50, prepaid all for \$1.50.

Hardy Lilies

Hardy Lilies

Prepaid.

Auratum Lilies—Flowers are very large, broad white petals, thickly studded with crimson, maroon, bright golden band through the center of each petal. Stalks frequently have from 12 to 15 flowers of immense size. Large bulbs. Each, 50c.

Elegans Tip-Top Lilies—Grand flowers in terminal clusters, blossoms red marked with black dots. It is perfectly hardy and a profuse bloomer. In our opinion it is the best red lily. Each, 25c.

Rubrum Lilies—Flowers white with crimson band on each petal. Large and very fragrant. Perfectly hardy. Grows from 2 to 3 feet high. Blooms in August. Bulbs, each,

Regal Lilies—Flowers white, slightly suffused with pink; with a beautiful glow of canary yellow at center which continues part way up the trumpet. Its perfume is exquisite. Blooms early in July. Each, 60c.

Llly of Valley-Per dozen, 75c.

14, 1926.

Seward Nursery, Seed & Floral Co. Seward, Nebr.

Mr. Rigdon: Last spring I planted some of your Giant Spencer Sweet Peas and also had some of another variety. Yours far excelled the others in size, fragrance, coloring and beauty. In fact, I have never grown more beautiful sweet peas and shall use only your seed this coming year. They were admired by all who came to see the various flowers that I have in my garden.

Sincerely yours,

JULIA MAE MYERS.

Roses

10 for price of 9, all prepaid.

Our Roses are all very strong, healthy plants.

Hybrid Perpetuals

These are hybrids or crosses between June and Monthly roses, partaking of the hardiness of one parent and the perpetual blooming habit of the other. They are by far the most popular family of roses, needing good soil and culture, as they can only bloom on new shoots of the current season. Free manuring after the first crop will insure better blooms later in the account. ter blooms later in the season.

Marshall P. Wilder—New; color cherry carmine; continues in bloom long after others are out of flower; exquisite. Each, 60c.

Paul Neyron—Deep rose color, good foliage and by far the largest variety in cultivation; one of the best. Each, 60c.

American Beauty—One of the best and most valuable roses, both for garden and house culture. Color rosy crimson, exquisitely shaded and very handsome. Extra large, full flowers and fine buds. The plant is a constant bloomer. Each shoot produces a bud. The fragrance is delightful. Vigorous growth and has the ever-blooming qualities of the Tea Rose. Protect in the winter. of the Te

Frau Karl Druschki or White American Beauty—A pure paper white, free flowering, large size Hybrid Perpetual. It is a remarkable handsome plant with bright, heavy foliage and strong, upright growth. The bloom is perfect in form on fine, long stems, and of the purest possible white. There is nothing in the line of perfectly hardy roses that can compare with this one. Each, 60c.

"Baby Ramblers"—A type of rose which is very popular for bedding purposes or for borders around rose beds, or along walks. They form shapely, compact, bushy specimens about 18 inches high and produce in great profusion immense trusses of small flowers from May till severe frost. Colors, red, pink, white. Each, 60c.

Climbing Roses

Crimson Rambler—The famous crimson clustered climber, so extremely effective when grown on pillars and trellises. The plant is a vigorous grower, making shoots 8 to 10 feet long in a season. The foliage is large and glossy: the plant looks like a mass of double crimson flowers when in bloom. The panicles are large and remain perfect for several weeks. Perfectly hardy anywhere. Each. 50c.

Yellow Rambler—Flowers of medium size, in immense clusters; very sweet scented; a clear, decided yellow. The hardiest of all yellow climbing roses. It is a rapid grower, well established plants often making a growth of 10 to 12 feet in a season. Each,

Baltimore Belle—Pale bluish, is almost white; very double and fragrant. Each, 50c. Dorothy Perkins—Flowers in clusters of 25 to 30 of a beautiful shell-pink. A rapid climber. Each, 50c.

Ophelia

Thousand Beauty Rose—A new climbing rose, producing on the same bush so many different colored flowers that it is impossible to describe the variations, hence the very fitting name. -Blooming profusely from beginning of June until last of July. Colors run from tender rose to bright rose and car-



White American Beauty

mine with white and yellow tints showing; a strong grower and hardy. Each, 50c.

Green House Bench Roses

10 for price of 9, prepaid. Each, 50c; 10 for \$4.50 This class of roses are the type used for florist trade. They are constant bloomers of

long stems.

These roses should be dug and laid down, then completely buried for the winter as they will winter kill.

But for summer blooming they are the wart setting of the summer blooming they are the

But for summer blooming they are the most satisfactory.
We grow them in the hursery for summer flower trade.
Ophelia—Golden, salmon pink, large flowers. Each, 50c.
Premier—Large flowers, dark pink. Each,

Columbia—Beautiful baby pink, large flowers. Each, 50c.

Hybrid Tea Roses

Hybrid Tea Koses

10 for price of 9, prepaid.

Gruss an Teplitz—Large, rich scarlet, shading to velvety crimson; fragrant, and flowers in great abundance all summer. Valuable for bedding. Each, 75c.

La France—Delicate silvery rose, shaded with cerise pink, often silvery pink with peach shading. Very large, double and superb form. Flowers continuously throughout the season. None can surpass the delicacy of its coloring; in fragrance, incomparable; in form, perfect. Sweetest and most useful of all roses. Each, 75c.

Shade and Ornamental Trees

Planting shade trees around your home not only adds to its beauty but has a dollars and cents value also, as you will discover if you ever wish to sell. No one willingly chooses a bare and treeless home in buying.

Catalpa, Hardy—A variety which is said to have originated in the West, it is very hardy and a rapid grower and is being extensively planted for commercial purposes. Has broad green leaves and beautiful large blossoms, making a highly ornamental tree for lawn or street. Each 10 5 to 6 feet.

Catalpa, Bungeli—(Umbrella Tree)—The large heart-shaped leaves and umbrella-like top of this little tree make it a favorite for lawn planting and formal setting. 6-ft. stem,

each, \$2.00.

Elm, American White—A noble native tree of large size, wide spreading head and grace-ful drooping branches. Easy to transplant, hardy grower. One of the best park and street trees. Each

8 to 10 feet.....\$1.50

8 to 10 feet. \$1.50 \$14.00 \$1.50 \$10.00 \$1.50 \$10.00 \$1.00 \$

Poplar, Norway—(Sudden Sawlog) — Tree very hardy. Similar to Carolina Poplar in growth and appearance, but claimed to be of more rapid growth and retains its shape better as it mounts upward, thus producing more lumber. Valuable for street and park planting, also for screens and shelter belts. Each 10

. .\$0.45 .25 2.20 Poplar, Volga—A new hardy poplar from ussia. The tree is an upright grower, with rge leaves. Russia. The tree is an up large leaves.

Maple, Soft—Quickest growing and largest of the maples. Its restful shade is much appreciated on the lawn and in the park where its wide spreading head has ample room.

Each \$ 8.50 5.50

Linden, American-A tree of beautiful form and size; admirable for street and planting. Leaves large, round, soft, lawr soft, dull Each 5 to 6 feet.....\$1.50 \$14.00

Hackberry—A native tree with numerous slender branches which spread horizontally and thick rough bark; apple-like foliage, but more pointed and bright, shiny green. Very desrable tree for street planting.

Each 10

8 to 10 feet. \$2.00 6 to 8 feet. 1.50 \$18.00 14.00

Locust, Thornless Honey—A rapid-growing native tree, free from spines and with delicate foliage; the greenish flowers appearing in early summer are followed by flat pods 8 to 10 inches long. An excellent ornamental tree.

6 to 8 feet.....\$1.00 \$ 9.00



Catalpa Bungeii

Catalpa Bungeii

Oak, Pin—Magnificent tree for lawn and street planting, with deep green foliage which changes to rich scarlet and yellow in the fall. A most shapely and graceful tree. 5 to 6 feet. Each, \$2.00.

Weeping Willow, Wisconsin—Become trees of very large size with all the beauty of the Babylonian Weeping Willow, but greater hardiness. Will endure winters of far north.

6 to 8 feet. \$2.00.

Mulberry, Weeping — The long slender drooping branches of this tree give it a very unusual and much admired appearance. Prized for lawn planting. Extra heavy specimens. Each, \$3.00.

Olive, Russlan—A very large shrub or small

Olive, Russian—A very large shrub or small tree; leaves narrow and silvery-white flowers yellow and fragrant; very hardy.

Each 10

Forest Tree Seedlings

18-24 2-3 Ash ... \$2.00 \$3.15
Box Elder ... 2.00 \$3.15
Cottonwood ... 1.75
Hardy Catalpa ... 1.80 2.25
American Elm ... 1.80 2.50
Russian Mulberry ... 1.80 2.50
Russian Olive ... 5.00 8.00
The above prices are per 100; on orders of 500 of one variety deduct 10%, and orders of 500 of one variety deduct 20%. Seedlings may be sent by mail for twenty-five cents per 100 extra. In. ft.

Lincoln, Nebr., Feb. 11, 1926.

MRS. F. J. DUFARK,

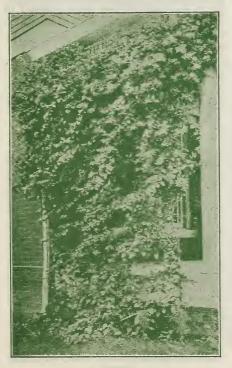
Select Evergreens

Evergreens are difficult to handle satisfactorily. During our many years in business we have found the most satisfactory evergreens are the ones handled with a ball of earth. This, of course, is too expensive for wind-break purposes, we have therefore discontinued to catalog wind-break and woodlot evergreens, and have enlarged our stock of ornamental evergreens, all of which are handled only balled and burlapped. We have also in this list eliminated the varieties that are hard to handle, thus insuring in using our evergreens not only the best quality but the best adapted varieties. the best adapted varieties.

Spruce, Colorado Blue Spruce—The bluish green foliage of this tree is greatly admired. This is one of the most valuable and ornamental of evergreens and becomes a tree of upright, conical form. Thrives in almost any soil. A popular tree for ornamental planting. 2 to 3 feet, each, \$4.50. B. & B.

Black Hill Spruce—A very hardy spruce, with dark green foliage. Grows somewhat slower than the Norway Spruce, but it is much hardier. A fine lawn tree and perfectly hardy anywhere. This Spruce should be planted everywhere. It is better than the Norway. 2 to 3 feet, each, \$3.00. B. & B.

Oriental Arborvitae—(Chinese Arborvitae)
—Of distinctly pyramidal form, and of clean, bright, attractive green color, making it distinctly ornamental in landscape work. It is recommended by the United States Forest Service as being well adapted to the plains region. It makes a beautiful hedge, or specimen tree. 2 to 3 feet, each \$4.50. B. & B.



Japanese Honeysuckle

OTHER EVERGREENS

We find the following expensive to ship with dirt on and unsatisfactory to ship without dirt. We however have growing in our nursery and glad to quote you any of the following evergreens. Jack Pine, Ponderosa Pine, Austrian Pine, Scotch Pine, Norway Spruce, Platte Valley Cedars.

Climbing Vines

Ampelopsis, Boston Ivy (Veltchil)—Leaves smaller than the American; forms a dense sheet of green as leaves overlap each other; sneet of green as leaves overlap each other; it is a little difficult to start, but when once established requires no further care; foliage changes to a crimson scarlet in the fall; very valuable covering brick and stone structures, rockeries, walls, etc. Each, 65c.

Ampelopsis Engelmanni (Engleman Creeper)—Identical in most respects, to the Virginia Creeper, but clinging tightly to brick, stone, or stucco walls, and climbing to a great height. It is a very hardy vine, and rarely shows winter injury even in the far north. Each, 35c.

Celastrus Scandens (American Bittersweet) Celastrus Scandens (American Bittersweet)

—A native twining vine with broad, pointed leaves of attractive color. In autumn its large clusters of berries are much admired, their yellow husks and bright red berries borne above the foliage are very ornamental. Each, 35c.

Japanese Honeysuckle—A strong vigorous vine with pure white flowers, changing to yellow; foliage remains green well into winter; very fragrant. Splendid for covering lattice, pergolas and trellises or as a ground cover on terraces. Each, 35c.

Scarlet Trumpet Honeysuckie-One of the handsomest in cultivation; a strong, rapid grower. Flowers a bright scarlet; not much grower. Flowers odor. Each, 35c.

Clematis—A beautiful class of hardy climbers, many of the varieties have flowers 5 to 6 inches in diameter. They are very valuable for training around and over pillars, verandas, fences, rock work, etc. Henryi, creamy white; Jackmanni, velvety purple: Mad. Ed. Andre, crimson red. Large flowering. Each,

Coccinea, bright coral-red, small flowering. Each, 50c.

Paniculata, pure white, medium flowering size. Each, 50c.

Woodbine or Virginia Creeper—A well known climber of rapid growth, foliage large, deep green, turning to brilliant shades of yellow, crimson scarlet in the fall. Each, yellow, crimson s 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

Wistaria—One of the handsomest subjects for use on porches, pergolas and trellises, with attractive foliage and magnificent dense, drooping clusters of pea-shaped flowers. Blue flowers. Each, 60c. Chinese White. Each, 75c.

GRASSES

Seward Brand Lawn Grass Mixture—This mixture is composed of the very finest and hardiest of Lawn Grass seeds. We have sold this for six years with only the most gratifying results. We put only the highest grade recleaned seed in our mixture. This is a wonderful grass mixture. Don'the floor. is a wonderful grass mixture. Per lb., 60c; 10 lbs., \$5.50.

Kentucky Blue Grass—We contract for our Blue Grass and have to offer this year a splendid lot, all grading 21 pounds per bushel or higher. Fourteen pounds is a standard bushel. Per lb., 60c; 10 lbs., \$5.50.



Golden Winesap

Apples and Crab Apples

The use of the apple dates clear back to the Garden of Eden. We have found its uses continually increasing ever since, and no cellar is ready for the winter without a few bushels of this fruit. In selecting the varieties listed below, we have chosen a set of varieties that will represent practically every type of apple grown, thus giving you a wide range to choose from. We have, however, reduced our number of varieties to the ones which we are sure are hardy and productive and prove satisfactory. You will notice each year for the last few years, we have continually reduced our numbers of varieties until we are now sure we have the set we have been looking for, any variety of varieties thuil we are now sure we have the set we have been looking for, any variety of which will give you perfect satisfaction.

A small well-kept orchard will increase the value of the old farm and provide a

delicacy for the entire family.

Each 10 100
5 to 6 feet, select trees...\$0.75 \$7.30 \$65.00
4 to 5 feet, select trees... 60 5.80 54.00
3 to 4 feet, select trees... .40 .3.75 35.00
2 to 3 feet, mail size... .20 1.90 18.50
3 to 4 feet trees or smaller can be sent by mail for 5c per tree extra.

Summer Apples

Early Harvest—Tree healthy, vigorous and a good bearer. Fruit medium size, nearly round, somewhat flattened; surface smooth, clear, waxy yellow, rarely blushed; flesh tender, juicy, acid to sub-acid; flavor good. July.

Red Astrachan—Tree vigorous, upright, hardy and productive. Fruit medium to large; surface smooth, marbled and striped on greenish yellow; flavor acid. July and August .

Duchess of Oldenburg-A large, apple, roundish. Streaked red and yellow. Tender, juicy and pleasant. Tree a vigorous, fine grower and abundant bearer. Very hardy. August and September.

Yellow Transparent—A Russian apple. The tree is a hardy, upright grower; regular and early bearer, medium size. Color a rich, transparent yellow with a faint flush on sunny side; flesh melting, juicy, sub-acid. July and August.

Autumn Apples

Maiden Blush—Medium; beautifully flushed with red; tender and pleasant; a fair grower; productive. August and September.

Wealthy—(Minnesota)—Medium to large, roundish, oblate, striped bright crimson to dark solid red. A very attractive fruit, very juicy, sub-acid. September to November.

Ramsal Sweet—One of the very best fall sweet apples for this region.

Creston, Nebr., Oct. 6, 1926.

Seward Nursery, Seed and Floral Co. Seward, Nebr. Dear Sir: The nursery stock ha Dear Sir: The nursery stock has done fine, and my sweet potatoes have all grown well. We are satisfied with everything we have ever purchased from you.

Sincerely yours, FRED SCHEFFLER.



Jonathan

Winter Apples

Jonathan—Medium size, yellow, nearly covered with red; a delicious dessert apple; always demands high market prices; vigorous and productive.

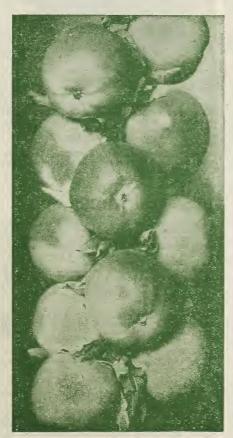
Banana—Medium size; deep yellow; has delicate banana perfume; very popular.

Ben Davis—Medium size; red striped; rather coarse grained, but great market variety; tree rarely fails to crop.

Delicious—Large, dark red; fine grained; a melting, delicious flavor; largely planted everywhere.

Grimes' Golden—Tree upright and hardy; fruitful, color golden yellow when ripe; medium to large; quality sub-acid, mild and melting; valuable in any orchard. Early winter sort.

Golden Winesap—This is a new golden yellow apple of the ordinary winesap type. It is a little sweeter than the red winesap and just as prolific. Be sure and include one of these new apples in your order.



Golden Beauty Crab



Delicious

Talman's Sweet—Medium size; pale yellow; sweet and juicy; vigorous and productive.

Winesap—Medium size; deep red; firm, crisp and juicy; popular everywhere; very productive and an early bearer.

Mammoth Black Twig—It is one of the most valuable and profitable apples grown. It resembles in every way the Winesap, of which it is no doubt a sport, except that it is one-third to one-half larger. The trees are also the same in habit of growth, color of bark and foliage, but the Black Twig is the stronger grower and makes a handsome tree in the nursery and orchard.

Northwestern Greening—Fruit medium to large, averaging from seven to eight ounces each and very uniform in size. Color greenish yellow, flesh juicy, firm and fine grained. Very fine quality and flavor. Tree is very hardy and a thrifty grower, an early and continuous bearer. One of the longest keepers known. January to spring.

Crab Apples

Same Prices as Apple Trees

They are entirely hardy, and do well in any kind of soil, in the most exposed situations.

They come into bearing very early, generally the second year, and bear every year.

They are unequaled for jelly, and can be dried, cooked, canned and preserved with the skin on, thus saving work.

Golden Beauty—A large, handsome crab, amber or golden yellow in color. This is a genuine sweet crab. Season, September.

Red Siberian—Medium size, red in color. An excellent crab for pickling and preserving. Tree very hardy. Comes into bearing young.

Whitney No. 20—Tree thrifty, upright, grower; fruit large, skin smooth, striped and splashed with carmine; flesh firm, judey, of pleasant flavor. One of the very best. August.

Pears

It is needless to discuss the importance of pears in the family orchard. The few varieties we have listed below we are sure will more than please you. Try a few in this years' planting.

Plant standard pears twenty feet apart, cut out the leaders and thus force them to form bushy tops.

						F	Cach	1	0
5	to 7	feet,	stand	ard		\$	1.00	\$9	.50
4	to 5	feet,	stand	ard		'	.80	7	.50
				ard					
				order					
	3 to	4 tree	es or s	smalle	r can	be s	ent 1	by n	nail
90	or 5c	per ti	ee ex	tra					

Bartlett—Large size with often a beautiful blush to the sun; buttery, very juicy and highly flavored; bears early and abundantly; very popular. August.

Kleffer's Hybrid—The pear was raised from Chinese Sand Pear accidently crossed with the Bartlett or some other kind grown near it; it is an early and very prolific bearer; the fruit is of good quality, wonderfully showy, and is valuable for the table and market; it never rots at the core, and is as nearly blight proof as is possible for any pear to be. October.

Duchess D'Angouleme—Very large, dull greenish yellow streaked and spotted with russet; flesh white, buttery and very juicy, with rich and very excellent flavor, on the quince order, to which stock this variety seems well adapted; it is always fine; the large and fine appearance of this fruit makes it a great favorite. September.

Seckel—Small, skin rich yellowish brown when ripe, with a dull brownish red cheek, flesh very fine grained, sweet, is exceedingly juicy, melting, buttery; the richest, highest flavored pear known. August and Septem-

FlemIsh Beauty—Is large, beautiful, juicy, melting, rich and fine; good bearer, is hardy everywhere. August and September.

Cherries

Budded on Mahaleb or Mazzard roots and Budded on Mahaleb or Mazzard roots and will not sprout unless planted too deep. If planted too deep the tree will start roots near the surface and sprouts will start from them. The bud should be covered about two inches below the surface. Sweet or Heart Cherries do not succeed well, but will furnish them, if wanted.

Would recommend Early Richmond, Mont-orency, English Morello. They may be morency, English Morello. planted 16x16 feet.

Please note cherries are cheaper than they

	have been for several years.												
						•					E	Cach	10
5	to	6	feet,	trees	11	up.					9	1.00	\$9.50
4	to	5	feet,	trees	16	to	18.	٠.				.75	7.00
				trees								.60	5.50
2	to	3	feet,	trees	16	to	18	(ma	ail			

by Mall for 5c a Tree Extra.

English Morello—Tree moderate grower, hardy; an early and great bearer; the most valuable of the late varieties. Fruit large, round; skin dark red, becoming nearly black when fully ripe; flesh dark red, tender, juicy and of a pleasant sub-acid flavor when fully ripe. July.

Early Richmond—Everywhere the most popular. Tree strong, thrifty grower, making a large, symmetrical head; fruit medium size, dark red, melting, juicy; slightly acid flavor and especially valuable for cooking.



Kleffer Pear

Large Montmorency—A fine large bright red cherry of the Richmond class but larger and more solid; a more upright grower, equally hardy and productive. Equal to Early Richmond in value. Ripens ten days later

Dwarf Rocky Mountain Cherry—May be used as an ornamental bush and also for fruit. 3 to 4 feet trees, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

Plums

The things we have learned about plums in the last ten years have changed them from the class of uncertainty into the dependable class. Our improved grafted plums on native roots will thrive and produce anywhere throughout the Middle West. They require but little care and begin producing abundantly the second year after planting. It is a good idea to plant several varieties which allows cross-pollination and insures a succession of fruit.

										ŀ	gach	10
5	to	6	feet,	select	trees				 	9	1.00	\$9.50
4	to	5	feet.	select	trees				 		.75	7.00
3	to	4	feet.	select	trees				 		. 60	5.50
2	to	3	feet	mail o	rder s	siz	ė.	٠.	 		.30	2.70

Quantity prices on application. 3 to 4 ft. trees or smaller can be sent by mail for 5c a tree extra.

Hansen Plums

Opata—From the Indian word for bouquet. The first of the Hansen plums to ripen. Fruit greenish, flavor very pleasant. Tree of low spreading growth and should be allowed to grow in this form. Will bloom and bear next year from planting.



Elberta Peaches

Hansen Plums-Cont'd

Sapa—Sioux Indian for black as the fruit when fully ripe is almost black and the flesh is very dark. This variety is fine for Jellies and preserves as the skin of the fruit is very tender and disappears in cooking.

Hanska—Sioux word for tall, referring to the habit of growth of this variety. Does not fruit quite so soon as the other varieties. Fruit is large, bright red in color with a bluish bloom. Of the best quality both for eating and canning.

Waneta—Pronounced the masterpiece among the Hansen Plums. Described as combining hardiness, immense size, delicious quality, long keeping, beautiful color, small pit and early bearing, often producing a good crop in two years from planting.

Japanese Plums

Abundance—Medium large rich cherry red, cling. Tree vigorous and hardy.

Burbank-Large reddish purple. Cling, abundant bearer.

American Plums

Weaver—Large, purple with a blue bloom; very prolific; a constant and regular bearer and of good quality. Tree very hardy. August.

Wild Goose—The most popular fruit with some fruit growers. Tree a vigorous, upright grower; fruit medium to large, rich golden yellow, shaded with red; flesh yellow and juicy; flavor rich and good.

Wolf—Fruit large, a perfect freestone. As to quality we find them superb for cooking and for serving with sugar as we use peaches. Tree a good grower; hardy. August.

Burwood—We consider the Burwood, which is a hybrid plum introduced by Theo. Williams of Omaha, to be absolutely the finest plum that can be grown in this section. It is a prolific and early bearer and the plums are as large as seedling peaches and have a distinct peach flavor. They are not highly acid when cooked, like the American sorts, but make a mild and delicious sauce. If you have never tried them, "Plan to plant another tree" and make it a Burwood.

Compass Cherry-Plum—Originated in Minnesota. Is a cross between the sand cherry

and plum. Absolutely hardy everywhere and especially desirable wherever it is hard to raise fruit. Fruit about an inch in diameter and purple when ripe. Resembles a plum more than a cherry. Will bear next year after planting and is a heavy bearer.

European Plums

German Prune—Medium size, dark purple with bloom. Successful wherever prunes are grown.

Peaches

Peaches are being extensively planted in Nebraska and have yielded good crops. The hardiest sorts of budded peaches are much hardier than seedlings. It is a very common mistake to suppose that seedlings of peach or apple are hardier than selected budded or grafted sorts. The quality of the fruit of such seedlings is usually very poor. We recommend as best and hardiest the following sorts:

	_					Each	10
õ	to	6	feet.	Budded		.\$0.50	\$4.50
3	to	4	feet,	Budded	(mail size).	30	2.80

3 to 4 ft. trees may be sent by mail for 5c a tree extra.

Elberta—Very large, tender and juicy; the greatest market variety.

Heath's Cling—Large, luscious but rather dry; tree hardy and productive.

Bokara—The best of Prof. Budd's importations from Bokara; said to be the hardiest peach grown. Large, fine quality, immensely productive. Last of August. (f.)

Champion—Beyond doubt this is the champion early peach of America. Tree and fruit buds extremely hardy—has stood 18 degrees below zero and produced a full crop the following summer. Fruit often ten inches in circumference; quality A-1; remarkably good shipper. August.

J. H. Hale—A new peach. This is a chance seedling, discovered by Mr. Hale, a large peach grower in the East. The fruit is larger than the Elberta, a perfect freestone, is of a rich golden yellow, covered with carmine. Skin thick and entirely without fuzz. The flesh is dark yellow, fine grained and firm, parting as easily from the pit as any Elberta. The flavor is excellent, absolutely of the best. The tree is hardy, bears young and profusely, probably the best bearer known.



Perfection Currants

Grapes

Grapes are delicious and healthful and come in the season when there is not much other fruit. There is no fruit crop for this section of the country that will produce as large yield as grapes, especially on poorer soil. Grapes will thrive nicely on hillsides where other crops are expensive to grow. They will bear the second year after planting and there has never yet been a time that the grapes in this section have supplied the market demand, so now is the time to plant that vineyard. that vineyard

Grapes should be pruned in November and the younger vines taken from the trellis and

covered with mulching.

covered with mulching.

Concord—Well known. 2-year, extra heavy vines. Each, 15c; 10, \$1.40; 100, \$12.00.

Concord—1-year, No. 1. Each, 12c; 10, \$1.00; 100, \$9.00. 1-year, No. 2. Each, 8c; 10, 70c; 100. \$6.00.

Moore's Early—Seedling of Concord; larger, hetter quality; one week to 10 days earlier; hardy as Concord, 2-year. Each, 20c; 10, \$1.80: 100. \$16.00. 1 year, No. 1. Each, 15c; 10, \$1.40: 100. \$13.00.

Niagara—Best white, hardy, popular; very productive; 2-year. Each, 20c; 10, \$1.80; 100, \$16.00.

Agawam—Best red sort, fine quality, very productive; 2-year, No. 1. Each, 20c; 10, \$1.80; 100, \$16.00.

Beta—Black, very early, prolific and hardiest of all. Fine for trellises and arbors, 2-year, No. 1. Each. 25c; 10, \$2.25. Write for Quantity Prices.

By mail any of the sorts, 20 cents extra

10. per

Currants

Currants and Gooseberries in their wild Currants and Gooseberries in their wild state grow in moist places, and we can best supply this natural demand by planting in rich soil and by mulching and manuring well. Ashes may also be used freely about them. Shelter them as much as possible from the south wind. Plant 4 to 5 feet apart.

Each Perfection, 2-year plants ... \$0.30
All other varieties, 2-year ... 20
Perfection, 1-year ... 20
Other varieties, 1-year ... 15
Postage rate 4 cents per bush extra. \$ 2.60 1.80 1.20 Perfection—Best red currant; grows in large clusters; high quality; hardy, vigorous and productive.

Cherry—Red bunches; very large, sometimes measuring 1/2 inch in diameter.

Wilder-Berries large, dark red, mild; large cluster; bush upright and productive.

White Grape-Berries large, yellow, mild; bush spreading.

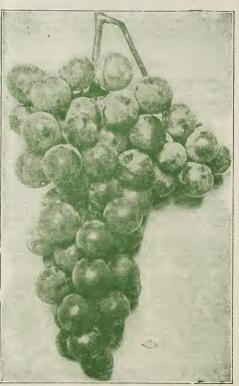
* Apricots

Apricots are usually hardier than peach trees, particularly the budded Russian sorts. Russian sorts: Alexander, Alexis, J. L. Budd; season July 1st to August 1st.

Each \$7.50 .\$0.80

Gooseberries

Plant in rich soil, manure once a year; prune thoroughly every year.
Houghton—Red, reliable old sort, berry small, surest bearer, 2-year plants, extra heavy. Each, 20c; 10, \$1.80. 1 year. Each, 15c; 10, \$1.35.
Oregon, Champion, Pearl and Downing—Green, large berry, 2-year, Each, 25c; 10, \$2.25. 1-year. Each, 20c; 10, \$1.80.
Postage rate 4c per bush extra.
Quantity Prices on Application.



Concord

Raspberries

Raspberries are a most delicious fruit, both for eating raw and for canning. They are hardy and easily grown and also find a ready sale at good prices commercially. We have never been able to completely supply our home market demand for this fruit. Plant two feet by six. Pinch black caps first year when 1 to 114 feet high. when 1 to 11/2 feet high.

If you have never had success in growing raspberries, try a few of our selected varieties below and you will be convinced that they are profitable. These varieties have been selected after years of experience, and we are sure these are perfectly hardy and productive.

Do not expect a 100 per cent in transplanting raspberries, as you will be disappointed. We consider a 50 per cent stand good in nursery planting. Vacancies can soon be filled out with your own plants.

Black Cap Varieties are as follows:

Cumberland—New sort, largest grown; canes strong and hardy; medium. 10, \$1.00; 100. \$6.00.

Red Cap sorts that root from tip:

Cardinal Red and Columbian-Strong growers; very large berry; hardy. 10, \$1.25; 100,

Postage rate, 10c per 10 or 50c per 100 extra.

St. Regis Everbearing Raspberry

This is a red raspherry which will continue to bear throughout the summer if given sufficient moisture. It is bright red in color and of delicious flavor. It has borne here as late as October 20th. Prices. each, 10c; per 10, postpaid. 90c; per 25, postpaid. \$2.00; per 100, postpaid. \$6.50.

BLACKBERRIES AND DEWBERRIES

Plant 3 to 7 feet. Pinch or cut new growth Blackberries back when 2 feet high.



Snyder Blackberry



St. Regis Everbearing

Treat suckers of Blackberries and Red Raspberries between the rows as weeds and cut them off once or twice in the spring. We can furnish other sorts, but do not recom-

Snyder Blackberry—Hardiest of all Blackberries: excellent quality. Each, 17c: 10, 80c:

Lucretia Dewberry—Largest and best of all Dewberries. The Lucretia Dewberry is becoming more popular every year. It stands drouth remarkably well. Cover plants during winter and be sure of a crop. We give strong roots. Each, 10c: 10, 60c: 100, \$5.50.

Postage rate, 10c per 10 or 50c per 100

IMPROVED DWARF JUNEBERRIES

The Juneberry is a delicious little berry that deserves to be more widely planted. It is perfectly hardy, and not affected by drouth. Have friend wife add some to the cherries when canning and she will never leave them out again. It is a good ornamental bush. It will do well in all parts of the state, and all should have it.

18 to 24 inches, bearing .\$0.20 \$1.50 \$15.00 Postage rate, 10c per 10 or 50c per 100

Quantity Prices on Application.



Strawberries

"We have been growing strawberry plants ever since we came to Nebraska in 1880, and have tested out many hundreds of varieties in that time. Many of these were highly praised in the East, but we found them unsuited to Nebraska, and this is one of the main reasons why you should not send a great distance away for strawberry plants or other nursery stock. We offer you a selection of varieties that is tried and tested, and we feel sure will give satisfaction."

The above paragraph was written by Mr. Stevenson for the last catalog before his death and I am sure if you could see our acres of strawberry plants you would pause and say, "This is a monument to the life of the man who fathered the strawberry industry of Nebraska." All of the strawberries in our nursery are produced from this carefully selected stock that Mr. Stevenson spent 40 years to develop.

Parcel Post—We can send plants by mail postpaid that are bought at the rate of twenty-five, but if a hundred is to be sent add 10 cents for postage, within 150 miles; 300 miles to 600 miles, 15 cents; over 600 miles, 20 cents.

All of the following varieties are perfect, that is, produce staminate and pistillate flowers.

PRICES OF LEADING STANDARD SORTS
Prices 50 Per Cent Higher from August 1st
to October 1st.

In giving the order for 1,000 or more, not less than 200 of a sort should be selected.

Dunlap (S)—This is the early standard variety that has stood the test of time. It is growing in demand each year. Per 25 plants, 40c; 100 plants, \$1.00; #0.000 plants, \$6.00.

Cooper—We will have a very limited number of plants of this variety to offer this season. This is the variety which has created such a furore among Michigan growers the past season or two. It is the strawberry without a fault, solid with no core or hollow centers, no green tips, bright red in color and a flavor as good as the best. We advise you to order early so the plants can be reserved for you. Per 25 plants, 75c; per 100 plants, \$2.00.

Kellogg's Premier—The Premier is a strong

pollenizer, and plants grow large and root deeply. It succeeds in all climates, and is wonderfully productive of large, beautiful formed deep red berries of the very finest quality. The berries are ideal for canning and shipping to long distant market. Best early sort. Per 25 plants, 60c; 100 plants. \$1.50; 1,000 plants, \$12.00.

Everbearing Strawberries

This new type of strawberry is a wonderful addition to the horticultural world. They produce fruit the first season and it is much sweeter than the standard sorts. Don't fail to add a few everbearing plants to your order.

Progressive — Plant much like Dunlap, strong, healthy and very hardy; good plant maker. Fruit good medium size, dark red inside and out; blossoms strongly staminate; every bloom makes a perfect berry; bloom and fruit well protected by the foliage, a most valuable feature, as it takes hard freezing to injure the fruit. Progressive is the most perpetual, giving good pickings for over three months in the fall when the weather is favorable. Progressive fruits alike on the new as well as old plants; nothing unusual to see bloom and berries on the new plants even before they take root. We regard Progressive as our most valuable fall bearing strawherry. Per 25, 75c; per 50, \$1.10; per 100, \$2.00.

Peerless—This is a new sort we offer. We obtained them from Mr. Samuel Cooper of New York, who was the discoverer of the first everbearing strawberry, in 1909. The berries are handsome and larger in size than other everbearing sorts. Are nearly equal to Progressive in productiveness. The plants are large, healthy and free from rust. We consider this a most valuable berry. Per 25. 75c; per 50, \$1.10; per \$00, \$2.00.

Champion Everbearing—This is one of the newest everbearing varieties. The plants are exceedingly hardy and vigorous, producing an abundance of large solid delicious beries under almost any reasonable condition. You will find this by far the best everbearing plant and we heartlly recommend it. Per 25, \$1.00; per 100, \$2.50.

Quantity Prices on Application.

PLANTS AND ROOTS

Rhubarb or Pie Plant

Owing to the scarcity and high price of all fruit the last few years this old favorite has become increasingly popular, for the housewife has learned that it will combine with practically any fruit, giving increased bulk without impairing the flavor. Make a good, deep, very rich bed, plant a few plants and you will have rhubarb for a life-time.

Linneus—Medium size, tender, heavy plants. Each, 15c; per 10, \$1.00; per 100, \$8.00.

Glant—Very large, heavy plants. Each, 15c; per 10, \$1.00; per 100, \$8.00.

Postage, 20 cents per 10 or less extra.

Hazel Nuts or Filberts

Plants 18 to 24 inches, Each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. They grow nicely and soon increase. Ten or more by mail, postpaid.

VEGETABLE PLANTS

Postage 10c extra per 100 plants or less.

We have an excellent lot of vegetable plants to offer. They are all grown under our personal supervision in our cold frames. For the vegetables listed we are offering the same varieties in plants that we do in seeds.

If you prefer to have us prepay the transportation charges add 10c per 100 plants or fraction thereof, to the following prices for the first 500 plants. Add 50c per 1,000 plants or fraction thereof above 500.

Cabbage, ready April 15th...\$0.15 \$1.00 \$8.50
Tomato, ready April 25th...\$15 1.10 \$9.00
Cauliflower, ready April 25th .20 1.25 11.00
Egg Plant, ready May 10th...\$15 1.00
Celery, ready May 10th...\$15 .90 7.50
Peppers, ready May 10th...\$20 1.25 11.00
Sweet Potatoes, ready May 10th...\$20 1.25 11.00

.60 Order early and we will hold the plants until the proper time to plant.

The above prices are for transplanted stock hotbed grown, true to variety name.

MAY 15TH AND AFTER WE OFFER

SEEDLING PLANTS, ANY VARIETY:

Tomatoes75c per 100; \$7.00 per 1000 Cabbage70c per 100; \$6.50 per 1000

OUR FROST-PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS

Varieties: Dutch Wakefield, Copenhagen Market

Will Mature Heads Two or Three Weeks Earlier Than Your Home Grown Plants and Double Your Profits. Why?

These Frost-Proof Cabbage Plants will stand a temperature of 20 degrees above zero without injury.

The plants grow very fast, maturing headed cabbage two or three weeks sooner than you can mature them from hotbed and cold frame plants.

To get the advantage of these Frost-Proof Cabbage Plants they must be planted a month or six weeks earlier than you would plant home grown plants. We fill orders from December 1st to May 1st.

Asparagus

This deserves to be ranked among the best early vegetables as it satisfies the longing for something from the garden before the other vegetables are ready for use. A bed of asparagus, once established, requires very little care and never needs replanting. Plant in rich soil, 2 feet apart, in rows. Set roots 6 inches below the surface, covering with 3 inches of soil; fill in the first season while cultivatine.

season while cultivating.

Washington—Plants are very rapid growers, producing exceedingly tender stalks of most excellent flavor. 2 yr., per 10, 40c; per 100. \$3.00. 1 yr., per 10, 30c; per 100. \$2.00. Postage extra, per 10, 10c; per 100, 25c.

Conover's Colossal—A variety that produces mammoth shoots, very popular for home or market. Per 10, 30c; per 100, \$2.00, postpaid.

Horseradish

CUTTINGS

10 100 By mail, postpaid......\$0.60 \$4.00

VARIETIES

ONION PLANTS

Within the last few years the use of onion within the last lew years the use of onion plants has increased many many times. We believe that by the use of onion plants better onions can be produced at less expense. We are having grown for us a large quantity of Bermudas and other onion plants. Try a few hundred of these and be convinced. They are really cheaper than sets.

Frost-Proof Cabbage and Onion Plants are priced below.

Prices by Parcel Post, postage paid: In lots of 100, 200, 300 or 400 plants at 50c per 100 plants; 500 plants for \$1.60; 1000 or more at \$3.00 per 1000 plants.

Prices by Express, buyer paying express charges: In lots of 1000 to 3000 plants at \$2.00 per 1000; 5000 or more at \$1.50 per 1000. Plants packed for express shipment, 1000 or 2000 plants of a variety to package, they weigh about 25 pounds per thousand plants. packed for shipment.

Order Early to Get Plants Delivered In Time

When we receive your order for these plants we have to forward it to our growing station, which takes several days. Plants are shipped direct to you from growing sta-

York, Nebr., Sept. 25, 1926.

Seward Nursery, Seed and Floral Co.

Dear Sir: In your letter you asked if my order last spring was satisfactory. I wish to say that the pansy plants and seeds were Sincerely yours,

MRS. C. F. COUCH

Vegetable Seeds

BUSH BEANS

WAX POD VARIETIES

One pound to 50 feet, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel to $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel per acre, depending upon variety. Early planting May 1 to June 1. Plant $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches deep.

Beans will not stand much cold, so should not be planted until danger of frost is past and the ground is fairly warm. They thrive best on rich, well drained loam which has been manured before plowing or for the previous crop. Beans may be planted as late as August 1.

Currie's Rust Proof Wax-Long, flat, broad,

golden pods. A very hardy plant. An abundant bearer. Pkt., 5c; lb., 30c.
Pencil Pod Black Wax—This is a prolific early round pod bean. The pod is very tender, free from strings and meaty. This is a great improvement over the old black wax. Per pkt., 5c; per lb., 30c.

Improved Golden Wax—Straight, flat pod, maturing from about 35 to 40 days after germination. One of the earliest beans of the market and very excellent cooked as green beans. Pkt., 5c; lb., 30c.

Weber Wax—Plants are strong, bear pods well up from ground; golden rich color, ten-der, brittle, absolutely stringless. Pkt., 5c; der, bri lb., 35c.

White Kidney Wax—Small, white, seeded, very prolific for string bean; should be picked young. Dry bean, excellent for winter use. Pkt., 5c; lb., 35c.

Burpee's New Stringless—Pod round, full and straight; extra early and one of the best green pod beans on the market. Pkt., 5c; lb., 30c.

Improved Red Valentine—Very tender, fleshy pods which remain tender a long time; rather prolific and a very profitable bean. Pkt., 5c; lb., 30c.

GREEN POD BEANS

Long Yellow SIx Weeks—Long, straight, green pods, maturing in about 40 days; a standard variety which is adapted to the middle west and produces quite abundantly. Pkt., 5c; lb., 36c.

Refugee (One Thousand to One)—Round, thick, fleshy pods, especially desirable for pickling; very productive variety, but requires about 50 days to mature. Pkt., 5c;

Burpee's Bush Lima—Very prolific, bush 18 to 24 inches high. Pkt., 5c; lb., 45c.

POLE BEANS.

Early Golden Cluster Wax—Broad and meaty pods, borne in clusters; begins bearing in July and continues to bear until frost. A very fine flavored bean either green or dry. Pkt., 5c; lb., 35c.

Kentucky Wonder—Tender, solid stringless pods, early and very prolific; pods hang in clusters along the entire vine. Pkt., 5c; lb.,



Pencil Pod Black Wax

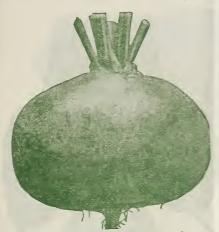
Lazy Wlfe—Pods long, broad and thick, 6 to 7 inches long, borne in clusters; beans white, large and buttery. Makes a fine shelled bean. Fkt., 5c; lb., 30c.

BEETS

One ounce to 60 feet, 8 pounds per acre. Sow from April 15 to May 15. Plant 1 to 11/2 inches deep.

Beets can be planted as soon as danger of frost is past, even before the ground has become warm. Plants should be thinned to stand 3 to 4 inches apart. Make two or three plantings so as to have a continuous supply of young, tender beets throughout the season.

Crimson Globe—Root round, deep crimson, outside skin smooth; early in development, maturing in about 42 days. Very best variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c.



Market Gardeners' Crosby
Detroit Dark Red Turnip—Oval in shape,
flesh dark blood in color, skin smooth, leaf
erect; matures in about 50 days. Pkt., 5c: oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c.

Swiss Chard-Stocks white and thick: foliage yellowish and crumpled. Grown for its leaves and deserves a place in every garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c.

Market Gardeners' Crosby—This is an improved strain of Crosby's that we have grown by contract, as we know it is earlier, smoother and better color. Either for the market or home it is the best beet we have found. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 50c.

STOCK BEETS

Sludstrup Mangelwurtzel—Reddish yellow, grows well above the ground; one of the best feeding beets known. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1b., 60c.

CAULIFLOWER

One-eighth ounce to 100 feet; sow from April 15 to May 15. Plant ½ inch deep.

Cauliflower requires a rich, moist soil and thrives well under irrigation. The culture is practically the same as for cabbage and early plants should be started in hotbeds early in March. Cauliflower may be planted as late as July 1 to 15.

Danish Glant (Dry Weather)—This variety is two or three weeks earlier than the Earliest Erfurt. The heads are pure white and a fine quality. This variety is very drought resistant, making it very valuable, for the dry season of our summers. Pkt., 10c; oz.. \$1.50.

Extra Early Erfurt—A very fine strain producing firm, close heads of excellent quality. This variety produces rather small heads but it is always certain to head, making it a very profitable variety. This is a later variety than the Danish Giant. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50.

CABBAGE

One-half ounce to 100 feet of drill; 2 ounces transplant 1 acre, 65 to 90 plants to 100-foot row, 1 ounce of seed to produce 5,000 plants; sow March 15 to May 1 in open, about 4 weeks earlier in hotbeds. Plant ½ inch

deep.

For an early crop the plants should be started in hotbeds or a window box in February. Transplant deep in fertile, well prepared seed bed as soon as the soil is warm enough to work. For late crop plant in seed beds in May or June and transplant in July. Cabbage may be planted as late as July 15.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES

Copenhagen Market—An extra early summer cabbage, maturing just as early as the Jersey Wakefield. The heads are ball shaped and wil weigh about 10 pounds each. The type is thoroughly seasoned and the heads mature all at the same time so that the crop may be harvested and the field used for other crops. This is the most widely used single variety throughout this part of the country. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; lb., \$2.50.

Early Jersey Wakefield—The heads are solid, good size, conical shape with very few

solid, good size, conical shape with very few outside leaves. This is a very excellent quality of early cabbage, widely used and giving excellent results. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; giving ex lb., \$2.50.

MIDSUMMER VARIETIES

Stein's Early Flat Dutch—An early strain of the Flat Dutch but produces heads not quite so large size. A very excellent quality of cabbage for summer and fall use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; lb., \$2.00.

All Season—The heads of this variety are very large and solid, making it a very good winter keeper. This variety withstands drought and hot weather very well. A good variety for every home garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; lb., \$2.00.

2900 F Street.
Wisner, Nebr., Sept. 20, 1926.
Seward Nursery, Seed and Floral Co.
Dear Sir: I have wanted to write you in regard to my spring order. Everything grew and the pansies were wonderful, so many flowers and colors. Yours truly,

MRS. JOHN H. HORST.



Copenhagen Market

Premier Late Flat Dutch—An old and popular variety. Remarkably uniform in size and type, producing a very heavy and fine cabbage. Especially good for shipping. It does not mature till a little late in the season. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; lb., \$2.00.

Zenlth Dark Red—Large red or purple. This variety is largely used for pickling. Is one of the best and surest red heading cabbages on the market. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; lb., \$2.50.

Danish Round Head—This is an exceptionally fine large late cabbage. Heads round, solid, keeping very well. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; lb., \$2.00.

CHINESE CABBAGE

Chinese Cabbage (Pe-Tsal)—A delicious new vegetable, more tender than ordinary cabbage. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

CARROTS

One ounce to 100 feet, 3 pounds per acre; sow from April 15 to May 15. Plant ½ inch deep.

Carrots should be sown as early in the spring as possible. Any well prepared seed bed will grow a fair crop of carrots. Carrots require only a little thinning unless they are planted exceedingly thick. Any surplus makes good stock feed. They may be planted as late as July 1.

Market Gardeners' Chantenay—Stump rooted, rather small, early and of a fine quality. Yellowish red in color. This is a very choice variety for this region and is growing in popularity each year. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c.

Danver's Half Long Pointed—Broad shouldered, cylindrical, and a very pleasing color. One of the leading American varieties because of its attractive appearance and good selling qualities. It thrives well on a wide variation of soil. It also is rather heavy producer and reasonable price. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c.

Improved Long Orange—This variety thrives best on deep, rich soil. It is a very large carrot, sometimes growing to be 14 inches long. The flesh is rich orange in color and owing to the size it makes very profitable stock feed as well as being excellent for table use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c.

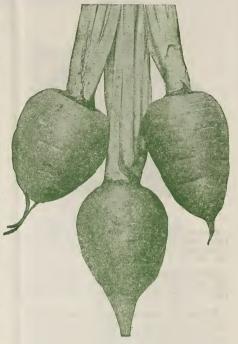
Ox Heart Special Strain—This seems to be one of the most popular varieties of carrots. It attains the diameter of a pint measure. It is short and top shaped. The color is orange red and it has a very excellent flavor. This is a rapid growing variety which makes it exceptionally suitable for the home garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 50c.

CELERY

One-eighth ounce to 100 feet of drill; sow from April 15th to May 15th or earlier in hotbed. Plant not more than ¼ inch deep.

The best results are obtained by planting the seed in a hotbed then transplanting into the open. The plants are better by being transplanted twice. Celery requires a deep, rich, moist soil with plenty of fertilizer such as well rotted stable manure. It should not be cultivated deep. It may be planted after some early crop such as radishes, lettuce or peas. It may be planted as late as July 1st.

Giant Pascal—Mammoth silver white stock variety of French origin, growing in favor in this country. Very profitable for home or market gardener. Requires about 140 days for maturity. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.35.



Carrots

Golden Self-Blanching—This variety is almost as good as the imported celery. The root stock is exceedingly solid, crisp and brittle, making it one of the most profitable and palatable for the home garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 40c; ¾ lb., \$1.50.

SWEET CORN

One pound will plant 100 hills, 15 to 20 pounds per acre; plant after May 1st. Plant 2 inches deep.

Sweet Corn will not stand much cold, damp weather, so should not be planted until the ground is warmed in the spring. It may be planted and cultivated with field corn machinery to a good advantage. There should be several plantings to insure a continuous supply throughout the season. Sweet Corn may be planted as late as July 15th.

Golden Bantam—This is a small variety growing 4 to 5 feet high. It is very hardy and can be planted early in the spring and in colder and damper places than other varieties of table corn. It is creamy yellow in color, exceedingly sweet and very productive. It will be ready for use in about 60 days after planting. Pkt., 5c; lb., 25c.

Country Gentleman—This is a short stock productive variety, frequently producing 3 ears to the plant. The ears are medium size, with kernels narrow but very deep. It will mature in about 70 days. Pkt., 5c; lb., 25c.



Davis Perfect

Stowell's Evergreen—This is a standard variety for the main crop. It is one of the most productive and palatable late sugar corns. It is very excellent for canning, for marketing and for home use. It has the advantage of remaining green and tender for a long time. The ears are very productive, sometimes growing to be 11 inches long. It has a very abundant foliage crop which makes the fodder more valuable for feed than that of some other varieties. Pkt., 5c; lb., 25c.

POPCORN

The culture of popcorn is practically the same as for field corn. Popcorn raising is very profitable for the market, as well as pleasant for the home stores.

is considered Rice-This smallest and best of all popcorns. It is practically hulless, making it very delicious after popping. Pkt., 5c; lb., 25c.

CUCUMBERS

One ounce to 50 hills, 4 pounds per acre: lant from May 1st to June 15th. Plant 1 to 11/2 inches deep.

The soil for cucumbers should be rich, and it is a good plan to apply well rotted manure under the rows or hills. Cucumbers are easily injured by cold, so it is not advisable to plant until all danger of frost is past and the ground has begun to warm up. Give shallow cultivation until vines nearly cover the ground. Cucumbers may be planted as late as July 15th as July 15th.

Boston Pickling or Green Prolific—This variety is one of the best for pickling and also for table use. It is very productive, producing small fruits of uniform size. They are dark green in color. This is among the early varieties. Pkt., 5c: oz., 15c: ½ lb., 50c.

Davis Perfect-This variety produces fruit Davis Perrect—This variety produces fruit of very attractive appearance. It is also very productive and the quality good. This is exceptionally good for market gardeners. The fruits contain few seeds, the flesh is white, making it very good for slicing. Pkt.. 5c; oz., 15c; 14 lb., 55c.

Improved Long Green-This produces a fine long fruit of excellent quality, dark green, firm and crisp. The vines are very vigorous and productive and the fruit is a universal favorite for pickling and slicing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c.

improved Early White Spine-The fruit is even and of good size, straight, well formed

and symmetrical. When young the fruit is deep green, of uniform shape, making it excellent for pickling. The fruits keep solid and crisp longer than the average cucumber. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c.

Japanese Climbing—The vines of this variety can be trained to climb, thus requiring less ground space. The cucumbers are thick, tender and of delicious flavor. This cucumber has a white flesh covered by a thick, dark skin which turns to brown when ripe. Very profitable for our high priced land since they do not require as much ground space as some other varieties. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 70c.

Gherkin—Small, oval shape, used extensively for pickling. They are not commonly grown through this part of the country but are very profitable for pickling, and should occupy a place in every home garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 85c.

EGG PLANT

One ounce to 1,000 plants; plant in box in house or hotbed April 1st. Set plants in open June 1st to 10th.

Egg Plant will thrive on fertile loam and should receive frequent shallow cultivation. A dozen thrifty plants will supply the average small family through the season.

Black Beauty—The fruits of this variety are large, of a rich, glossy, purplish black color, and will keep as well as any egg plant on the market. This is one of the earliest egg plants on the market. It is a prolific bearer. The fruits are entirely free from splnes, and very seldom split. Pkt, 5c; oz. spines, and very seldom split. Pkt., 5c; oz.,

Improved New York Purple—The plants of this variety are short and stalky. They begin bearing early and continue throughout the season. The fruits are large, smooth and rich purple in color. This is a very profitable variety for the market garden as well as the home garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 50c.

ENDIVE

One ounce to 100 feet of drill: sow April 1st to May 1st. Plant ½ inch deep.
The endive is a relative of chickory. Sow thinly in drills and when plants are well established thin to 8 inches. When the leaves are 6 to 8 inches in length, draw them together and tie them so the heart will blanch. White Curled—This variety needs no blanching to fit it for use. The leaves are nearly white with golden yellow stems. The flavor is much less astringent than the green varieties. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 35c.



Black Seeded Simpson

KOHL-RABI

One-half ounce to 100 feet of drill make 1,500 plants; sow early in May. Plant about ½ inch deep.

Kohl-Rabi belongs to the same class as cabbage and cauliflower but varies from either of them by the fact that the swollen stem is the edible portion. For an early crop, plant and cultivate the same as cabbage. The fleshy stems should be used while they are young and tender.

Short Leaved White Vienna, Forcing—This variety is especially adapted for early work and forcing. It is flesh white in color, and very tender. It will be ready for use in about 50 days after planting. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 70c.

Early Purple Vienna—This is a very good variety with a symmetrical purplish bulb, reaching maturity in about 60 days. This variety is rapidly gaining in popularity. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 70c.

LETTUCE

One-half ounce or 200 plants to 100 feet of drill; sow April 1st to 15th for early crop. Plant $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep.

Lettuce attains its best development in a rich, sandy loam in which there is plenty of organic matter. It thrives best during the early spring and late fall. Much better quality of lettuce will be obtained if the plants are transplanted once. They may be started in a hotbed before it is warm enough to plant outside. Lettuce may be planted as late as September 10th.

LOOSE LEAVED VARIETIES

Price's Head or Satisfaction—This is a cutting variety of curly leaves, having bronze edges and a general bronze appearance. It produces very large clusters of leaves, all of which are very tender. There is probably more Price's Head Lettuce grown in the United States than any other one variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 50c.

Black Seeded Simpson—A good cutting variety with very tender leaves. This sort produces an exceptionally large plant, and stands through the summer well without becoming tough. It is highly recommended for greenhouse forcing because of the above qualities. It is also hard to beat for the home garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c.

Grand Rapids—This is a loose leaved, vigorous grower, very profitable for forcing or outdoor planting. This is one of the most popular varieties through this section of the country, because of its rapid growth, tender, attractive heads and sweet flavor. It is hard to beat. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c.

Head Lettuce Varieties

Special Strain Big Boston—Forms round, crisp heads of buttery flavor; medium early. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 70c.

MUSK MELON

One ounce to 50 hills, 3 pounds per acre; sow about corn planting time. Plant 1½ inches deep.

The culture of musk melons is very similar to that of cucumbers. They should be planted in hills 5 to 6 feet apart and cultivated frequently until the vines cover the ground. Musk melons should be planted by June 1st.

Rocky Ford—This variety has everywhere been in great demand; it was originated at Rocky Ford, Colo., where it is still one of the main crops. This is a very excellent variety for this region and produces a melon about the right size for table use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c.

Gold Lined Rocky Ford—A very good improvement to the common Rocky Ford musk melon. It is well adapted to the small home garden as well as for market gardeners. The flesh is golden orange in color, very tender and sweet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c.



4 Group of Seward Weens

Banana Cantaloupe—These melons grow to the as long as two and one-half feet and withstand the summer heat and drought exceedingly well; they are one of the most prolific bearers and will continue to produce until late in autumn. The flesh has a slight banana flavor from where it derives its name. Pkt., 5e; oz., 20e; ½ lb., 50e.

Honey Dew Melon—This melon grows to an enormous size. Many of the mature melons measuring 9 inches in diameter and weighing as much as 10 pounds. Its smooth, white skin and hard rind enables it to be shipped with safety for great distances. It is sweeter than the average musk melon. With proper care it may be kept until nearly Christmas. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c.

Edward's Perfecto—This is one of the best pink varieties known; flesh is deep, sweet, has very small seed cavity; rind is firm, attractively netted, making it good shipper and display melon. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 24 lo. 10.

WATER MELONS

One ounce to 100 feet of drill, 4 pounds per acre; sow May 10th to June 1st. Plant 1 to 1 inches deep.

Water melons do well upon sod ground, or ground on which a crop of winter wheat or winter rye has been turned under. They should be planted after the soil is well warmed up, and a shovel full of well rotted stable manure added to each hill is advantageous. They should be planted in hills 8 to 10 feet apart, or in rows 8 to 10 feet apart and thinned to one plant to every 3 feet. About 500 plants per acre should be allowed to mature. Melons may be planted as late as June 15th.

Sweetheart—This is a very early variety producing large, oval uniformly mettled melons. The rinds are thin but firm and the flesh is crisp and red. This is one of the most popular of the standard varieties. The

vines are vigorous and productive and the fruits ripen early: they are very excellent keepers. Pkt. 5. 4. 55c th \$1.00

Kleckley's Sweet—Fruit is colong about 20 inches in length. The rind is thin and pale ereen in color; the flesh is scalet, sugary and crisp. The seeds are white. This melon is not well adapted for shipping owing to the thinness of the rind, but is very excellent for busine consumption. Flat. 10, 300: 10 \$1.00.

Tom Watson—This is a long dark green variety with creamy brown seeds and deep red flesh. It has a very excellent flavor and no core. Often weights 50 to 60 pounds. It is very productive and an excellent seller used largely for shipping. Pkt., 5c. 14 lb., 5c. 15.

Cole's Early—This is a very early melon and a sure cropper. The flesh is dark red in color; the rind is thin. It is exceedingly brittle, hence not desirable for shipping purposes. The melons are medium size, nearly round in shape and well adapted to this region. Pkt., 50, 5, th. 55c. th. \$1.0.

Halbert's Honey—Splendid sort for home use or local market. Very productive and vigorous large green oblong melon. Pkt., 5c: 1 lb., 35c: 01. \$1.00.

MUSTARD

Two ounces for 100 feet of drill; sow April 15th to May 10th. Plant about 1/4 to 1 inch deep. The basal leaves of mustard are used for greens.

Chimese—The immense leaves grow rapidly and can be cut frequently until killed by frost. Leaves are eaten bolled or raw, as spinach. Pkt., 5c: oz., 10c.

White Mustard—This is most widely used for salad. This seed is also used for flavoring pickles. It is very profitable for the family garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c.

ONIONS

One ounce of seed to 100 feet of drill, 1 quart of sets to 100 feet of drill; sow seeds in the month of April, plant sets two weeks later. Plant seed ½ to 1 inch deep. Plant sets 1 to 2 inches deep.

The onion is most successfully grown in rich sandy loam. Onions require frequent shallow cultivating and it is usually profitable to resort to hand weeding. For dry onions sow the seed thinly in drills, about 12 to 14 inches apart, as soon as danger from frost is past. When the tops die the bulbs should be pulled and should not be piled until thoroughly dry. Onions may be planted as late as May 15th.

Large Red Wethersfield—This is a standard red variety. The onions are large and stronger in flavor than some other varieties. It is very productive and an excellent keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.25.

White Portugal or Silver Skin—This is a very desirable variety for family use. The flavor is mild and pleasant and the handsome appearance makes it very desirable for pickling. A package of this seed will please you. Pkt., 5c; oz., 40c; ½ lb., \$1.50.

Australian Brown—This is a medium sized onion, wonderfully hard and solid. They are extremely early. Its firmness and hardness will keep it in good condition longer than the average onion. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., \$1.00.

Mammoth Prize Taker—This is one of the largest and finest flavored yellow onions known, having been grown to the weight of over six pounds. It is uniformly perfect globe shaped and of clear, bright straw color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.25.

ONION SETS

Red bottoms, qt., 25c. Yellow bottoms, qt., 25c. White bottoms, qt., 30c. Postpaid. Prices on large quantities submitted on application.

PEAS

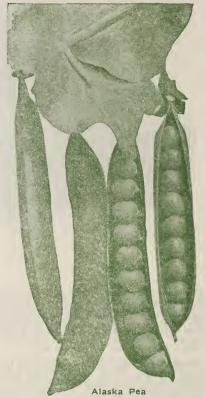
One and one-half pints to 100 feet of drill; sow April 1st to May 1st. Plant 2 to 3 inches deep.

inches deep.

Peas will stand light frost, so they should be planted as soon as the soil can be worked in the spring. The first planting should be of the small, quick maturing variety, which do not require supports. These varieties should be followed by the large, wrinkled type of peas; the larger varieties should be supported by brush. Peas will do best on fairly heavy soil that retains moisture. Avoid too much fresh manure fertilizer. Many gardeners practice planting peas in double rows 6 inches apart.

EARLY VARIETIES

Alaska—This is a green seeded, extra early variety, maturing in about 49 days. This is one of the most popular early varieties for this section of the country. Pkt., 5c; lb., 30c.
American Wonder—This is one of the dwarf varieties; it seldom gets higher than 12 inches; the tender pea has a very excellent flavor which has won for it a place in most home gardens. Pkt., 5c; lb., 30c.
Tom Thumb—This is one of the smallest varieties of peas, but produces well filled pods of excellent quality peas; has been a favorite for many years. Pkt., 5c; lb., 30c.
Nott's Excelsion—This is one of the earliest varieties and is rapidly gaining favor. The tender, delicious flavored peas are abundantly produced throughout a long period of the season. Pkt., 5c; lb., 30c.



Laxtonia—A dwarf pea with large, attractive pods 3½ to 4 inches; very heavy yielder, entirely satisfactory pea. Pkt., 5c; lb., 40c. Premlum Gem—Small, very early, prolific, pea; produces long, well filled pods. Pkt., 5c; lb., 30c.

LATE SUMMER VARIETIES

Dwarf Green Sugar—This is one of the choice peas whose pods are edible; the pods grow to about 5 or 6 inches in length. Pkt., 5c; lb., 35c.

5c; lb., 35c. Champion of England—This is a tall pro-lific pea, growing 5 feet in height, should be sown thick and staked. Pkt., 5c; lb., 30c.

PUMPKINS

PUMPKINS

One ounce to 50 hills, 4 pounds per acre; sow about May 1st to May 20th. Plant 2 to 3 nches deep.

Small Sugar—This is a noted New England pie pumpkin; the fruit is small and round and an excellent keeper. The plants are very prolific. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00. Japanese Pie—This is an early productive crooked neck pumpkin; the flesh is rich salmon color and the pumpkins keep very well. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

Large Cheese—This is a very popular pumpkin for pies, quite commonly known as Sweet Pumpkin. They are very productive and good sellers. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 90c.

90c

Kentucky Field—This is a large, prolific pumpkin, which is quite commonly grown for cattle feeding, but it is also very good for table use. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 90c.

PARSLEY

One-half ounce to 100 feet of drill; sow about April 1st to May 1st. Plant 1/4 inch

Champion Moss Curled—This sort is a compact growing, finely cut and much curled variety of a bright green color. It resembles a clump of moss, from which it derives its name. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c.

Fern Leaf—Leaves are less deeply cut than former, its ornamental foliage makes it desirable for the borders of flower beds. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c.

Parsnips

One ounce to 100 feet of drill; sow April 1st to May 1st. Plant ½ to 1 inch deep.
Hollow Crown—This is a standard variety with long, smooth, tender roots, which possess an excellent flavor. We know this will give satisfaction. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c.

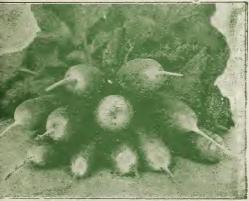
Improved Guernsey—This is a smaller root variety than the former, but the quality is very similar, and the productiveness is just as dependable. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c.

RADISHES

One ounce to 100 feet; sow March 15th to April 15th. Plant ½ to 1 inch deep.

April 15th. Plant ½ to 1 inch deep.
Radishes are moderately hardy and should be sown in the spring, as soon as the soil begins to warm. Radishes should be grown on quick, rich soil, and some of the early sorts can be matured in three weeks. If radishes make a slow growth they will have a pungent flavor and will not be fit for table use. They will not endure hot, dry weather, and accordingly are best suited for early spring and late fall planting. Frequently small plantings throughout the season are recommended for radishes.

Non Plus Ultra, Forcing—This is one of the most popular varieties because the radishes remain tender for a considerable length of time. It is good for forcing or outside planting. It will mature in about three weeks. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c.



Saxa Radishes

Early Scarlet Turnip, White Tip—The roots are small, round, with red skin and a white tip. This is a very desirable variety for quick growing, as it will mature in about three weeks. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c.

Saxa—An all red, round, early radish. This is by far the very best radish for real early crop. It may be planted extremely early in the spring, and will mature in about three weeks. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c.

French Breakfast—This radish has a scarlet color, except the tip, which is pure white. It is one of the earliest and may be sown before the ground is warm in the spring. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c.

Glant Crimson Globe—This variety is well adapted for forcing or early outside planting. It sometimes grows to 6 inches in diameter. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ 1b., 30c.

White icicle—This is one of the earliest long, white varieties that has yet been produced. The tops are few and the roots are brittle, mild and crisp, retaining their palatability through a long period of the season. A few Icicles belong in every family garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c.

California Mammoth White—Very large winter variety, splendid keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c.

SQUASH

One ounce to 20 hills, 5 pounds per acre; sow May 1st to June 1st. Plant 1 to 2 inches deep.

Any good, rich soil is adapted to the growth of squash. The seed should not be planted until all danger of frost is past, as the plants are very tender. They should receive frequent, shallow cultivation until the vines are large enough to cover the ground. A few hills usually supplies the average family with enough squashes. These may be planted as late as June 15th.

SUMMER SQUASH

Summer Crookneck—This is very early and productive. The long crooked fruits have a very excellent flavor. This is one of the favorites for this reason. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c.

White Bush Scallop—This is a very early white skinned variety. It bears abundantly and is one of the favorite white varieties. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c.

FALL OR WINTER VARIETIES

Golden Hubbard—This is a perfect Hubbard type with a deep orange color. The flesh is golden yellow, fine grain, and cooks very dry. Its keeping qualities are excellent. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 14 lb., 35c.

Chicago Warted Hubbard—This is one of the old standard varieties, which needs no introduction. The flesh is bright orange yellow and an excellent flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c.

Marble Head—This variety resembles the Hubbard, except it has a lighter color. It is a good keeper and a very popular variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c.

Table Queen—This splendid new variety is unsurpassed for its baking qualities. It is small enough that half a squash makes a nice serving. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 50c.

SALSIFY OR VEGETABLE OYSTER

One ounce to 100 feet of drill; sow April 15th to May 15th. Plant ½ to 1 inch deep.

Mammoth Sandwich Island - This sort grows a large white root, which has a very good market value. It is exceptionally tender and palatable. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; 1/4 lb.,

SPINACH

One ounce to 100 feet of drill, 12 pounds per acre; sow April 15th to May 1st. Plant 1 to 2 inches deep.

Bloomsdale (Savoy)—This is a very excellent variety because the leaves will keep longer after cutting than the average variety. The leaves are numerous, curled and wrinkled. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ 1b., 20c.

Long Standing—An improved round seeded strain of good merit. The leaves are smooth, very dark, rich green and exceedingly thick. This is probably the most popular variety in this region. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c.

PEPPERS

One ounce to 2,000 plants; sow inside March 15th to April 1st. Plant ½ to 1 inch deep.

Seed of peppers should be grown in a hot-bed or in a box in the house about eight weeks before the time for setting the plants in the open. Small peppers are the hottest and the large ones the mildest. Peppers may also be planted in open when the danger of frost is past.

Large Bell or Bull Nose—Large, early, square shouldered variety, much used for the is among the sweeter of the

square shouldered variety, much used for mangoes. It is among the sweeter of the peppers. Pkt., 5c; oz., 40c.
Ruby King—This is an exceedingly large variety of a ruby red color and is the largest variety known. The peppers are very sweet and make an excellent pickle. Pkt., 5c; oz.,

Long Red Cayenne-This is one of the hot-

Long Red Cayenne—This is one of the not-test peppers and the fruits grow to 3 or 4 inches in length. Pkt., 5c; oz., 40c. Pimento—Splendid new mild flavored vari-ety. It is free from pungent flavor some peppers have. Very heavy producer in this region. Pkt., 5c; oz., 45c.

TOMATOES.

One ounce to 2,000 plants; sow in hotbeds in March. Plant ¼ inch deep.

Tomato plants should be once transplanted before setting in the field; plants should be set about 4 feet apart in the field and cultivated as long as the vines will permit. It is advisable to prune and train the stalk, especially for an early crop. cially for an early crop.

Chalk's Early Jewel—This is one of the largest varieties. The fruit is very smooth and a rich scarlet color. The flesh is thick and sweet: the skin is thin but strong, making it good for shipping purposes. Pkt., 5c;

and sweet; the skin is thin but strong, making it good for shipping purposes. Pkt., 5c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.
Ward's Moneymaker—This tomato is earlier than Earliana and also smoother. It is one of the best early varieties for market or home use. Be sure and try a few Moneymakers this year. Special. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

John Baer—This tomato is considered by many the earliest and best grown. The fruits are solid, brilliant red and mature early. The vines are vigorous and will produce longer during the season than the average tomato. Fkt., 5c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.60. Ponderosa—This is a very large fruited tomato and has the reputation of being very solid throughout, making it excellent for slicing. The vines are very vigorous and the deep purple fruits are usually slightly ribbed. They grow to enormous size. Pkt., 5c; oz., 75c; ½ lb., \$2.50.

Golden Ponderosa—This variety is very similar to Ponderosa, except the fruits are a rich, golden yellow in color. They have a very delicious flavor, and it is rapidly gaining in popularity. A few hills in a family garden will be worth while. Pkt., 5c; oz.,

New Stone—This is also an excellent main crop variety and the fruit is exceptionally good for canning as well as slicing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.40.

Red Head—Tomato is deep blood red, exceptionally smooth, almost globular, and very solid meat. Pkt., 5c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Small Tomatoes

Dwarf Champion (Tree Tomato)—This small variety is very excellent but is not as prolific as some of the larger varieties. Pkt., 5c; oz., 60c.

Yellow Pear Tomato—Bright yellow variety, much used for preserves. Pkt., 5c; oz., 70c.

Husk Tomato, Ground Cherry—This variety is very widely used for preserves and the vines are very prolific, producing a constant supply of very sweet fruits. A fewvines will supply the average family. Pkt., 5c; oz., 75c.

RUTABAGAS

Seed same rate as turnips, but plant one month earlier.

Rutabagas are one of the most valuable root crops and are very easily grown. They will stand a region a little colder than tur-

American Purple Top-The tops are very small; the bulbs are large. Skin purple above yellow underneath. The flesh is golden yellow, fine texture and rich flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c; lb., 75c.

TURNIPS

One ounce to 150 feet of drill, 2 pounds to the acre broadcast; sow for early turnips about May 1st, sow main crop July 15th to August 1st. Plant ½ inch deep.

The flavor of turnips is easily affected by the nature of the soil. Freshly prepared seed bed is recommended. Turnips may be sowed in drills or broadcast. The sweetest turnips are produced in the cool part of early autumn.

Snowball or White Six Weeksof the earliest varieties and the roots are nearly spherical. The flesh is snowy white, solid and crisp. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c;

Purple Top Strap Leaf-This is a medium sized flat turnip with clear surface, purple above and white below. It is very early and very prolific. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; very prolib., 75c.

Purple Top Globe—This variety is globular and the white flesh is of excellent quality. It is equally desirable for table and stock use. It keeps well, making it an excellent variety for the market. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

Flower Seeds

We are justly proud of our flower seed department. There is no section of our catalog in which we offer you greater value than in our flower seed section. We have used the utmost care in the selection of our seeds, and have demanded quality regardless of

You will find in the following pages, that we have added several new varieties. We are particularly anxious that you include a few of these new and special varieties in your order, as we know that you will be more than pleased with the results. Many of the most delicate flowering varieties should be transplanted, after being started in the house, as it is hard to germinate some of the more delicate ones outside in the wind and weather.

Do not plant flower seed too close or too deep, not over three times the diameter of the seed.

Ageratum-Good border plant. Blooms all summer. Grows 5 inches tall. Blue or white. Pkt., 10c.

Alyssum—This is a very fine annual for a border. Flowers white and honey scented. Blooms early in the season, and continues until frost. Pkt., 10c.

Asters—During the late summer and early fall the garden is usually a riot of reds and yellows, so the asters in their dainty and distinct colors as well as their many attractive forms are a pleasing addition.

Astamum-One of the earliest and finest Asters grown: mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Comet Branching—Splendid large late variety of Asters. Mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Queen of the Market—This is the mid-season Aster. Mixed. Pkt., 10c.

The Sunshine—The delicate beauty of this aster is hard to describe. Some of the flowers have twisted petals and some have quilled petals; all have a cushion center of tiny quills of a contrasting color, which makes the flower look as if it was covered with snowflakes. Mixed colors. Special, pkt., 25c.

Giant Ostrich Feather—The petals of this aster are very long and slender and twisted. They are produced in great abundance. These make excellent cut flowers. Mixed colors. Special, pkt., 25c.

Antirrhinum (Snapdragon) - The flowers are of very large size, very fragrant, and are



Snapdragon



Ageratum

produced in immense long spikes, which render them extremely valuable for cut flowers.
Tall sorts, mixed, all colors. Pkt., 19c.
Dwarf sorts, mixed, colors. Pkt., 10c.

Balsam—Produces gorgeous masses of beautiful double flowers in great profusion. Should be transplanted. Mixed colors. Pkt.,

Castor Bean-Stately foliage; grows 8 feet tall. Pkt., 10c.

Calliopsis—Very good for cut flowers. These plants thrive anywhere, and their bright colors are very beautiful. Pkt., 10c.

Carnations—The carnation is one of the most valuable and beautiful of our summer flowers, and is a favorite with everyone. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c.

Candytuft—These plants are very valuable for massing or for borders; they are also fine cutting.

Empress-White. Pkt., 10c. Mixed colors-Pkt., 10c

Calendula-A very fine free flowering an-Blooms from early summer unti! killed by frost

Orange King—Color, glowing orange.
Special, pkt., 25c.
Apricot—Soft yellow with a suggestion of salmon pink. Special, pkt., 25c.
Cynus (Batchelor Button, Blue Bottle, Rag-

ged Sailor)—Charming and simple in its beauty. Reseeds itself. Pkt., 10c. Dusty Miller—Thick silvery white leaves; used for bedding purposes. Pkt., 10c.

used for bedding purposes. Pkt., 10c. Imperalis—This is a new variety of Centurea, which has an immense flower head of double fluffy, thistle-like petals. This is a very fine cut flower which will last for several days. Special, pkt., 25c.

Coxcomb—These are very popular annuals of easy culture, producing large, ornamental, combe-like heads like ruffled chenille. Pkt., 10c.

Cristata (Crested Dwarf Sorts)-Mixed colors of blood red, golden yellow, pink and crimson. Pkt., 10c.

Childsii (The Chinese Woolflower)—Scores of branches bear a ball of scarlet wool. None of the blooms fade until hit by frost. Pkt., 10c.



Marigold

Plumosa (Plumed Varieties)—Plumes of this type of coxcomb resemble ostrich feath-ers. They are considered very ornamental. ers. 10c.

Cosmos—Flowers born on long delicate stems, are similar to single Dahlias. Very beautiful foliage. Pkt., 10c.
Eschscholtzia (California Poppy)—A bright

ree-flowering plant of low spreading growth with finely cut silver foliage. The poppy-like flowers are yellow, orange and crimson, and are produced, from spring till frost.

Everlasting Flowers—Everlastings are be-coming very popular, and winter bouquets of your own growing make an attractive gift for a friend, besides supplying a bit of your own growing make an attractive gift for a friend, besides supplying a bit of brightness in your own home when flowers are scarce. Cut the flowers before they are fully open and hang in a warm dark room to dry. We find the following very satisfactory.

Acrolinium—A pretty everlasting, bearing graceful daisy-like flowers of pretty, bright rose with yellow centers. Pkt., 10c. Helichrysum (Strawflower)—This flower is an ornament to the garden, and is very prized for winter decoration. Comes in white, red, yellow, carmine and salmon pink. Pkt., 10c. Statice Sinuata—Very beautiful in the garden and dries well for winter bouquets. Mixed colors of pink, white and blue. Pkt. 10c.

10c.
Four O'Clocks—Another good old fashioned flower very suitable for a hedge, dotted over in the afternoon with a multitude of fairy flowers. Pkt., 10c.
Hollyhock—Annual, mixed. Pkt., 10c.
Job's Tears—An ornamental grass with curious seeds which may be used as beads.
Pkt 10c.

Plet., 10c.

Kochla (Summer Cypress, Burning Bush)

—This bush grows from 2 to 2½ feet high
and resembles a close-clipped evergreen.

The entire bush becomes a fiery blood red in

The entire bush becomes a fiery blood red in autumn. Pkt., 10c.

Larkspur—Very effective in borders and planted among shrubs. Very good cut flowers. Mixed colors of blue, rose, pink lilac and white. Pkt., 10c.

Marigold—In late summer when all the other flowers are gone you will find Marigold invaluable with their wealth of golden color.

African—Immense double yellow flow-French—The dwarf Marigold which has immense flowers in shades of orange, yel-low and brown. Pkt., 10c. Nasturtiums—A bed of dwarf nasturtiums

Nasturtiums—A bed of dwarf nasturtiums in the yard is very brilliant and attractive. They also make a colorful border. Dwarf, pkt., 10c; giant pkt., 25c.

Ivy-Leafed—Foliage of this nasturtium is bright and glossy like ivy. The vine is exceedingly graceful. Pkt., 10c; giant pkt., 25c.

Tall-Ideal ramblers that readily climb fences or wire netting. Pkt., 10c; giant pkt., 25c.

pkt., 25c.
Pansies—Pansies, with their lovely flower faces have been an inspiration to the poet and gardener. "Pansies for thought." We are most careful in the selection of the pansy seed that we sell. It is grown by the best American flower seed specialists. Pkt., 10c; giant pkt., 50c.
Petunias—For freedom of bloom and gorgeousness of color petunias are hard to beat. Single Mixed—Pkt., 10c.
Double Mixed—Pkt., 25c.
Portulaca (Moss Rose)—This plant will grow and bloom profusely in dry hot situations, where almost any other plant would soon die.

tions, wh soon die.

Large Flowering, Single—Pkt., 10c.
Large Flowering, Double—Pkt., 10c.
Popples—Single Annual.
Flanders Poppy—This vivid scarlet-red
poppy was the first official flower of the
American Legion. Has been associated
with the battle fields of France for over
two hundred years. Pkt., 10c.
Popples—Double, Annual.
Peony-Flowered Mixture—These popples
are double peony-like flowers of yery large

are double peony-like flowers of very large size. Pkt., 10c.

Phlox Drummondi—Phlox is very easily started and one of the showiest of annual flowers. Starred and fringed. Special, pkt.,

Scabiosa (Mourning Bride)—Flower stems are long and the flowers keep well in water. The soft shades predominate. Attracts a great variety of bees and butterflies. Pkt.,



Phlex

Salvia—No Canna bed is complete without a border of Salvia. This plant keeps the garden bright with color until late in autumn, and is very fine for cutting.

Splendens—A continuous bloomer with spikes of fiery red. Grows from 1½ to 2 feet high. Pkt., 10c.

Zurich—Dwarf type of Salvia, which blooms profusely and earlier than Salvia, splendens. Pkt., 10c.

Stocks—The flowers of Stocks appear on long stiff stalks like small rosettes, and are very fragrant. Pkt., 10c.

Salpiglossis—This is one of the most attractive of all annual flowers. The blossoms are tube-shaped, much like a petunia, but rival them in the beautiful colors displayed. The flowers have the remarkable characteristic of each flower being veined with a glint of gold. If you have ever had this flower in your garden you will never be without it. Special pkt., 25c.

Sweet Peas.—It is very easy to grow Sweet Peas, they seem to fairly spring into radiant life in the hands of those who love them. The flowers dance and sparkle in the sunlight the entire summer, ever changing, but

flowers dance and sparkle in the sunlight the entire summer, ever changing, but always beautiful. Keep the blossoms picked closely. If they produce seed pods they will

stop blooming.

LARGE FLOWERING AND UNWIN VARIETIES

This is a large flowering type which blossome early, produces long stems, very large flowers, early bloomers, but do not continue to bloom throughout the season as well as the Spencer type. Choice Mixed Varieties—Pkt., 10c; Giant

pkt., 25c.

SPENCER OR BUTTERFLY VARIETIES This is by far the best Sweet Pea we know. Prodices long stems, very dainty colors and blooms exceptionally well through the sea-

Choice Mixture of Spencer Varieties-Special strain. Pkt., 10c; glant pkt., 25c. Verbena—Verbenas are very fine for borders and window boxes. Blossoms from June until frost very profusely. Mixed colors.

10c.

Pkt., 10c.
Zinnias—If you plant but one annual, be sure that it is Zinnias. Beautiful old rose, dainty cream, striking red and brilliant yellow flowers of velvety texture, extremely double with long stems and good keeping qualities make this old-fashioned flower a joy in the garden. Pkt., 10c.
Giant Cut Flower Zinnia—Special pkt.,

Moonflowers—Beautiful rapid annual climber, with very dense and unusual foliage, which is covered with white morning-glory-like flowers every evening or cloudy day.

Pkt., 10c.
Balsam Apple—Very rapid climber, golden
yellow fruit. Pkt., 10c.
Cardinal Climber—A very distinct, rapid
grower with beautiful deeply cut leaves. It
is covered with a blaze of circular, fiery,
cardinal red flowers from July to frost.
Plant in a warm, sunny place. Pkt., 10c.
Morning Glory (Japanese Glant)—Mammoth flowers, from 4 to 5 inches across.
Pkt., 10c.

Dolichos (Hyacinth Bean)-Splendid climbers, producing clusters of pea-like purple and white flowers. Pkt., 10c.

MARKET GARDENERS PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION ALL SEEDS ARE TESTED

5c Packets are.....slx for 25c All 10c Packets are.....three for 25c



Spencer Sweet Peas

FLOWER SEEDS

All flower seeds are in 10c packets, except special and giant packets. Please remember we fill our own packets and you are getting a dime's worth. Most flower seeds are so expensive that a 5c packet will not plant your bed and we can give approximately three times as much for 10c as for 5c. We sell 10c packets 3 for 25c. Our seeds are fresh tested and will give results. We also have a fine lot of flowering plants. See page 6.

Field Seeds

We carry a full line of Field Seeds, such as Alfalfa, Red Clover, Sweet Clover, both white and yellow, Alsyke Clover, Forage crops and Seed Corn. However, owing to the fact that the market constantly changes on these items, we do not quote them, but will be glad to submit samples and prices on request. We carry only the best quality field seeds and are sure if you will allow us to send samples that we will be able to trade. trade.

We allow 10 days in which to test seed and if you are not perfectly satisfied you may return it and we will promptly refund your

Mother's Garden Collection



HARDY PHLOX



RIGDON'S ROYAL DAISY

Mother's Garden Collection 12 Perennials for \$1.50 Prepaid

See Page 8



DELPHINUM



SEWARD NURSERY, SEED and FLORAL COMPANY NORTH BEND NURSERIES

SEWARD, NEBRASKA